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WHOLE NO. 1765.

## Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

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## SILVER SHOWS ITS IRON HAND.

Prohibition Convention Turns  
From Whisky to Money.

### DEMOCRATIC SPLIT PREDICTED.

General News of the World—Cu-  
bans Still Keep Up the Fight.  
Court Decision on Sugar Bounty.  
Reed's Friend Visits McKinley.

PITTSBURG, May 27.—Uproarious  
and caustic in the extreme was the first  
day's session of the seventh National  
Exhibition convention. At least one-  
half the time the delegates were in con-  
fusion, and on several occasions the  
presiding officer had to call upon the  
band to play in order to quiet the dis-  
order.

It was a fight between the "bread-  
gauges" or free silver faction and the  
"single issue" or gold standard dele-  
gate from the East. The fight was  
precipitated a few moments after the  
convention was called to order, and at  
both the morning and afternoon ses-  
sions things in general ran riot. The  
free silver faction carried the day, how-  
ever, and at 6 o'clock this evening they  
elected C. W. Stewart of Illinois perma-  
nent chairman over A. A. Stevens of  
Pennsylvania, who was backed by the  
gold standard delegates. Tonight the  
free silver faction are in an ecstasy  
over the victory.

The convention was held in Music  
Hall, at the Exposition building, and  
there were over 5,000 spectators in at-  
tendance. It was not as large a crowd  
as the leaders had expected, but there  
were enough people to fill the big hall,  
and what they lacked in numbers they  
made up in enthusiasm. The fight to-  
morrow will be, to begin with, over the  
platform.

### DEMOCRATIC PREDICTIONS.

Two Candidates Will Be Result of  
Chicago.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Senator  
Joe Blackburn left the city this after-  
noon for his Kentucky home. "There  
will be two conventions, two nomina-  
tions and two platforms at Chicago,"  
said he, "and Grover Cleveland will be  
at the head of one of the tickets. Do I  
think he will be elected? Such a thing  
is impossible. He could not carry one  
of the Southern States. He will be sup-  
ported only by the money class. The  
men who have bought the bonds he has  
issued will vote for him, and he is en-  
titled to their votes, but the people who  
pay the interest on these bonds will  
vote for someone else. The President's  
bump of self-esteem is very much more  
developed than his bump of caution, and  
he is going into the campaign de-  
pendent upon a very narrow following."

### SIGNIFICANT CALL.

Friend of Tom Reed Visits Major  
McKinley.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 24.—The  
Evening Leader yesterday published  
the following: A Stamford gentleman  
is authority for the statement that  
Samuel Fessenden, a member of the Re-  
publican National Committee, and who  
is a firm friend and supporter of Thos.  
E. Reed, has been invited to go to Can-  
ton and make a "social call" on Major  
McKinley.

### RUSSIA'S PRIDE.

European Naval Circles Interested in  
the Great Battleship Rossaja.

NEW YORK, May 23.—A Sun's Lon-  
don cable says: Considerable curiosity  
prevails in European naval circles with  
regard to the new Russian war ship  
recently launched at Cronstadt. This  
vessel, christened the Rossaja, has a  
displacement of 12,195 tons, 17,000 horse  
power and a speed of seventeen knots.  
These particulars are not officially de-  
fined, but current rumor at St. Peters-  
burg asserts that the speed is really  
twenty-four knots, which would make  
the Russian immeasurably superior to  
all war ships of her class and size in the  
world, while in regard to armament,  
she has guns of novel design and re-  
markable power, and other death-deal-  
ing machines which would enable her  
speedily to dispose of England's largest  
battle ship.

Whatever truth there is regarding  
these stories, it is undeniable that the  
Rossaja was built and equipped in a  
very novel manner. But it is absolutely  
impossible to obtain particulars. No-  
body is allowed to go near her. The  
newspapers are forbidden to publish  
anything about her, and would-be en-  
terprising journalists have just received  
a significant warning by the arrest of  
a Russian reporter who put a few ques-  
tions to a subordinate officer employed  
in the Russian Admiralty.

The Rossaja is said to be intended for  
special service in the far East, where  
most Russians appear to think that  
their military and naval forces will be  
next engaged. The Russian Admiralty,  
of course, is in a position to preserve  
its secrets, for a time at least.

Private ship builders in this country  
would be pleased if they also could

carry on their operations without in-  
quisitive interference. There is scarcely  
a ship yard which is not full of work.  
Some are booked for their fullest ca-  
pacity for three years on war vessels,  
and they complain that the newspapers  
publish information about their busi-  
ness without even paying them the  
compliment of asking their leave, with  
the result that rival builders know too  
much of their affairs.

**WEYLER GOES TO THE FRONT.**  
Belief That an Important Move  
Against the Rebels is on Foot.

HAVANA, May 23.—Captain General  
Weyler, General Ochoa, Captain of  
the Staff, and Colonel Ahumada, the  
Captain General's aide-de-camp, all in  
field uniforms, have started for Bahia  
Honda on board the cruiser Marquis of  
Ensenada. It is believed the departure  
of the Captain General means that an  
important and decisive movement of  
Spanish forces against the insurgents  
under Antonio Maceo will shortly be un-  
dertaken.

It is said that the forces of General  
Gomez continue to invade the province  
of Matanzas and are approaching the  
province of Havana. Three trains were  
sent to Artemesia to bring troops from  
the Trocha, but they were unable to  
reach that place, the rebels having de-  
stroyed the tracks.

### TO DIVERT ATTENTION.

Said to be Method in That Matabele  
Madness.

NEW YORK, May 24.—The World's  
London cable says: Day by day it grows  
apparently more clear that the Mata-  
bele war is simply and only a device  
to distract attention from the revela-  
tions concerning the Transvaal raid.  
It is freely asserted that the once-con-  
quered Matabele were incited to take  
up arms by raids upon their villages  
and the slaughter of their cattle on the  
pretense of exterminating contagious  
diseases; that Bulawayo has never been  
in danger of assault, for the reason that  
the rebels themselves have never made  
nor contemplated aggressive move-  
ments, but are really hiding in the hills;  
and that the murder of settlers was  
only in reprisal for similar outrages on  
natives.

### CONTRACTS TO BE RESPECTED.

Tobacco Edict Will Not Prove so  
Bad.

NEW YORK, May 24.—The Herald's  
Washington correspondent says: The  
State Department, I am reliably in-  
formed, has assurances from Madrid  
that all existing contracts between  
Americans and tobacco growers in  
Cuba will be respected, and that the  
necessary instructions to this effect  
have gone to the Spanish authorities in  
Cuba.

The Department has thus gained the  
only point it made against Spain in the  
tobacco matter, and it is not probable  
that any further protests will be raised  
against the embargo on the exportation  
of leaf tobacco from Cuba. The Depart-  
ment has never questioned the right of  
the Spanish Government to issue such  
an edict.

### KAMAUNI MUST HANG.

Governor Budd Refuses to Interfere  
in His Behalf.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., May 25.—E. M.  
Walsh of San Francisco, representing  
the Hawaiian Government, appeared  
before Governor Budd today and pre-  
sented an argument for the commuta-  
tion of the sentence of Paulo Kamauni,  
the Kanaka who murdered an old woman  
in El Dorado county and is sen-  
tenced to be hanged at Folsom on June  
19th.

Governor Budd said that the petition  
did not alter the case any, and he saw  
no reason why he should interfere with  
the action of the court, which will now  
be carried into effect.

### MORE MILITARY FUNDS.

Germany to Improve Armed Force  
in South Africa.

BERLIN, Germany, May 24.—The  
resolution which was passed by the  
Reichstag last Tuesday granting the  
Government a credit of 2,000,000 marks  
for the purpose of adding 420 men to  
the military force in German South-  
west Africa met with very slight op-  
position. The action of the House fitted  
admirably with the popular feeling and  
has delighted the colonial jingoes, who  
continue diligently to advance their  
South African boom.

### MARK TWAIN CALLED.

Found Pretoria Prisoners Happy and  
Contented.

LONDON, May 28.—A Pretoria dis-  
patch to the Daily Telegraph, dated  
Sunday, says Mark Twain, who is in  
South Africa on a lecturing tour, vis-  
ited the jail at Pretoria on that day.  
He reports that he found the reform  
prisoners in good spirits. Petitions are  
being promoted in all the towns of  
South Africa to the Government of the  
South African Republic in favor of leni-  
ency to the reform prisoners.

### ANOTHER LEADER DEAD.

Dispatches That Have a Spanish  
Twang.

HAVANA, May 27.—The local guerilla  
force of San Antonio de Los Benas  
has killed nine insurgents with side  
arms, besides the leader, Emilio Col-  
lazo. General Serrano has fought the  
insurgents near San Cristobal, Pinar  
del Rio. They had eight killed and  
carried off many wounded. The insurgent  
leader, Serranin Cocarras, nephew of  
the leader Carlos, has died of his in-  
juries in Pinar del Rio.

## DEATH AND RUIN FOLLOW TORNADO.

Terrible Loss of Life and Pro-  
perty at St. Louis.

### VICTORIA'S TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

Car Goes Over Bridge With Hol-  
day Passengers—Wind Storm in  
Missouri Creates Havoc—Impos-  
sible to Estimate the Damage.

CHICAGO, May 27.—One of the great-  
est disasters of recent years overwhelm-  
ed the city of St. Louis tonight in the  
shape of a cyclone which began shortly  
after 5 o'clock, and for thirty minutes  
tore its awful way through the city at  
the velocity of over eighty miles an  
hour. Although reports from there are  
very meagre, owing to the almost total  
destruction of the telegraph wires, it  
seems certain that the number of dead  
and wounded will reach 1,000, and the  
damage done is millions of dollars.

The City Hospital, which fortunately  
survived the storm, is filled to over-  
flowing with mangled men, women and  
children, and the morgue, within two  
hours after the end of the storm, was  
so full of corpses that it was necessary  
to provide other quarters for the recep-  
tion of the dead.

Of all the steamers on the levee when  
the storm broke, but one is now afloat.  
All the others have gone down, in many  
instances every soul on board being  
lost, and in others not over two or  
three being able to reach places of  
safety. Among the boats destroyed  
is the excursion steamer Great Repub-  
lic, one of the largest steamers on the  
lower river. Not a man escaped from  
her, and it is said that she was crowded  
with excursionists when the storm ap-  
peared.

The center of the city is a wreck.  
Many buildings have been demolished  
and others partially wrecked. The  
streets are utterly impassable to street  
cars, and in many places progress on  
foot is a matter of great difficulty.

To add to the horrors of the night,  
the electric light plants were rendered  
incapable of service, and the gas lamps  
are also shut off, leaving the city in  
total darkness. Fire also broke out in  
several portions of the city, and the  
fire department was unable to make an  
effective fight because of the choked  
condition of the streets, and a large  
number of firemen were engaged in the  
work of rescuing the dead and the  
wounded.

### EIGHTY PERSONS KILLED.

Terrible Accident at Victoria on  
Queen's Birthday.

VICTORIA, B. C., May 26.—An ap-  
palling disaster occurred today. A train  
running with passengers for a celebra-  
tion of the Queen's Birthday went down  
over a bridge. Eighty people were killed.  
The sham fight and naval review  
were to take place at Macaulay Point,  
near Esquimalt, this afternoon, and  
crowds were making their way by every  
route. All the trams were packed  
with visitors. At 1:30 o'clock a large  
and heavily laden car left Government  
street having upward of 100 people on  
board. When the middle span of the  
traffic bridge, about 150 in length, was  
reached it collapsed, throwing the car  
and a number of carriages and foot  
passengers into the water, 100 feet be-  
neath.

### SUGAR BOUNTY SUSTAINED.

Supreme Court Decides in Favor of  
Louisiana Planters.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The Su-  
preme Court today sustained the val-  
idity of the appropriations to carry out  
the sugar bounty features of the Mc-  
Kinley and Wilson tariff acts by an  
unanimous opinion, affirming the de-  
cision of the Circuit Court of the East-  
ern Division of Louisiana and reversing  
the action of Controller of the Treas-  
ury Bowler, who refused to permit the  
payment of the bounties on the ground  
that the act was unconstitutional. The  
cases involved were those of the United  
States, plaintiff in error, vs. The Realty  
Company and Andrew H. Gay respect-  
ively. The opinion of the court was de-  
livered by Justice Peckham. Both were  
test cases.

### AGAINST FILIBUSTERS.

Justice Fuller Upholds Decision of  
Philadelphia Court.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Chief Jus-  
tice Fuller today delivered the opinion  
of the Supreme Court on the case of the  
United States vs. J. S. Wiborg, captain  
of the steamer Horsa, and others. The  
case is one advanced by the court at  
the instance of the Attorney General  
for the purpose of securing a decision  
as to the construction of our neutrality  
laws and their effect in preventing fil-  
ibustering expeditions against friendly  
powers. Wiborg and his associates were  
accused of attempting to land arms  
surreptitiously in Cuba. They were  
found guilty under the neutrality laws  
in the United States court at Philadel-  
phia. Today's opinion held that the

decision of the Philadelphia court was  
correct on the point that the expedition  
was in violation of the neutrality laws.  
The judgment was affirmed as to Wi-  
borg, but reversed as to Mates Johan-  
sen and Peterson, on the ground that  
they were ignorant of the purposes of  
the expedition. Justice Harlan con-  
curred in the reversal of the judgment as  
to Peterson and Johansen, but dissented  
from the judgment affirming the sen-  
tence against Wiborg.

### CORNELL EXPEDITION.

University Men Will go North  
With Peary.

ITHICA, N. Y., May 24.—Part of the  
\$8,000 fund which Edward G. Wyckoff  
was to have given the Cornell Athletic  
Association for a building and equip-  
ment, but which he rescinded because  
of a misunderstanding as to the loca-  
tion of the building, will be expended  
by the department of Geology for a Cor-  
nell scientific expedition to Greenland  
this summer. The expedition goes with  
Lieutenant Peary, and will start early  
in July.

### OUTBREAK AT CRETE.

Christians Murdered and Anarchy  
Belongs Supreme.

LONDON, May 25.—The Times has a  
dispatch from Athens which says: The  
long expected disaster in the island of  
Crete seems suddenly to have been pre-  
cipitated, and since Sunday anarchy  
has reigned at Ganea. The Turkish sol-  
diers, breaking all restraint, poured  
through the streets, shooting, massac-  
ring and pillaging Christians.

The Consuls have all telegraphed for  
war ships. The British fleet at Malta  
sailed today for Crete. Her Majesty's  
ship Hood, anchored at Phalarum, will  
start thither tonight. The Greek iron-  
clads will probably start tomorrow.

### TURKS ARE COWED.

Arrivals of War Vessels Quiet Af-  
fairs a Little.

ATHENS, May 27.—The arrival of  
the foreign men-of-war at Ganea, Crete,  
has cowed the Turks and the town is  
again becoming calm. The disturbances  
continue at other places, however, and  
Muslim bands threaten Haraklione.  
The funeral of the Christians massac-  
red at Ganea was conducted under the  
protection of the British war ship  
Hood. The relatives of the victims did  
not dare to follow their dead to the  
graves. Three thousand armed Cretans  
have arrived in town to protect the  
Christians there.

### Stormy Crete.

CANDIA (Island of Crete), May 23.—  
Since May 17th the garrison of Varnos,  
consisting of 1,300 men, has been be-  
sieged by 2,000 insurgents, who occupy  
strong positions. Troops left Kalivas  
on Thursday to attempt the relief of  
the besieged soldiers. The relieving  
force was attacked and compelled to  
return after suffering heavy loss. The  
troops at Varnos have only sufficient  
food to last a couple of days.

### Still Attacking Christians.

ATHENS, May 26.—Advices from the  
Island of Crete state that Turkish sol-  
diers at Retimo are continuing their  
attacks upon Christians, who have bar-  
ricaded themselves in their houses.  
Telegraphic communication, except the  
messages to and from the foreign  
Consuls, have been prohibited by the  
Turkish authorities.

### Chased by Gunboat.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 27.—A  
report has reached Miami, but is not  
yet confirmed here, that the filibuster-  
ing steamer Three Friends, which left  
here Saturday morning for Cuba, was  
chased by a revenue cutter and ran  
ashore on a reef off Upper Matecumbe,  
one of the Florida keys.

### To Purchase Cuban Bonds.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 23.—Circu-  
lars are being received by Baltimore  
banks from the fiscal agent of the Cu-  
ban insurgents asking subscriptions to  
a bond issue to be put out by authority  
of the independent government of the  
Island. The circulars contain a plea to  
Americans to purchase these bonds to  
aid the insurgents in securing their in-  
dependence.

### Johnson Beaten.

PARIS, May 24.—J. S. Johnson, the  
American wheelman, has not yet re-  
sumed his former good form. He was  
beaten today by a length in the 200  
metres scratch race by the Dutchman,  
Eden. He was also beaten in the mile  
handicap.

### Cholera Ravages in Egypt.

ALEXANDRIA, May 27.—The num-  
ber of deaths here from cholera since  
the last report is 16; at Cairo, 15, at old  
Cairo, 21; at Taura, 12, elsewhere in  
Egypt, 28.

### Company A Hop.

Company A gave one of the finest  
military hops last night that has ever  
been given in the city of Honolulu, a  
large number of jolly people, a good or-  
chestra with Professor Berger as the  
leader, a perfect floor and decorations  
transforming everything into fairyland,  
all combined to give A Company the  
reputation of being able to furnish a  
good time to friends and members. The  
"Trip to Chinatown" company was  
present and remained until almost time  
for the departure of the Monowai.

The tableaux at Punahou Preparatory  
School Saturday afternoon promise to  
be of a very interesting nature. A large  
number of tickets have been sold.

## MINISTER DAMON FACES THE ISSUE.

Talks to Senate on the Na-  
tional Finance.

### SESSION EXTENDED TEN DAYS.

Getting Down to Business and  
Straightening Out the Snarl—Re-  
funding Bill Assumes Definite  
Shape—House Ready and Waiting.

Ninetieth Day.  
TUESDAY, June 2d.

At the opening of the Senate Minister  
Cooper presented a proclamation by the  
President extending the legislative ses-  
sion ten days.

The Judiciary Committee reported on  
the sake bill, recommending striking  
out the word sake and placing the duty  
on still wines other than those pro-  
duced from juice of the grape. The re-  
port was received to be considered with  
the bill.

House bill No. 49, relating to appeals,  
passed the third reading.

Under suspension of the rules Min-  
ister Damon offered a statement upon  
the loan and refunding bills, as fol-  
lows:

"Some time ago, when I was in per-  
plexity over some transaction I went  
to my genial friend Paul Neumann for  
advice, and he made this remark to  
me: 'Damon, never shirk the issue.'"

"Everything connected with the transac-  
tion except those few words has gone  
from my mind."

"Since the Senate took the bills off  
the table, which were presented by the  
Executive in the first part of the ses-  
sion, I have resolved in my mind  
whether to say anything more on the  
subject of the refunding bills, the loan  
bills or anything connected with the  
financial affairs of the country at this  
session. But the more I thought the  
matter over, the sage remark of Mr.  
Neumann, 'Never shirk the issue'; and  
whether what I am about to say will  
have any effect or not, I shall feel that  
at least I have done my duty as Minis-  
ter of Finance in presenting my views  
to the Senate."

"Since the refunding bills were taken  
off the table I have yielded to every  
point that has been asked, even to  
what I considered to be a most vital  
point, and still consider so. I refer to  
the right to refund. By advice I was  
induced to yield this point, and I stand  
as a member of the Cabinet recom-  
mending the passage of the bills as  
they now stand. As far as the refund-  
ing bills go, they may be considered  
outside of this discussion."

"We come next to Bills No. 20 and  
21. These bills were introduced so as  
to secure a continuity in the matter of  
loans, so that they should have a uni-  
form rate of interest and if necessary  
could be placed upon foreign markets;  
and to keep future borrowing as much  
as possible within certain prescribed  
limits and procedure. The Senate has  
passed, in place of those two bills,  
Bill No. 46, to authorize a national loan  
and the issuing of bonds as security  
therefor. From the experience we have  
had during the last two years, which  
I was careful to explain to the Senate,  
where items are specifically mentioned  
in the Loan Act, it is no end of trouble  
and difficulty to the Executive to keep  
all those items properly adjusted. The  
appropriation will fall short on some  
items and be far in excess of the ex-  
penditures in others, thereby injuring  
the effect of the bill. That has been  
the effect of the previous bill passed in  
1892."

"Another point in regard to this bill  
—No. 46—is that it was not introduced  
by a member of the Cabinet. The  
Constitution reads, Article 70, Section  
3, 'No appropriation bill or bill pro-  
viding for a national loan shall be in-  
troduced by any one except a member  
of the Cabinet. Provided, however,  
that any member may introduce a bill  
amending the permanent appropriation  
bill for salaries and pay-rolls herein  
provided for.' I leave it to your good  
judgment to decide whether Act No. 46  
is a constitutional measure."

"The next point which is a vital one,  
is that under the Constitution, Article  
63 'Each law shall embrace but one  
subject which shall be expressed in its  
title. The title of a law amending or  
repealing another law shall refer to the  
section or chapter of the law amended  
or repealed, and to the subject matter  
involved.' It was stated on the floor  
of this House that Bill No. 46 carried  
the appropriation with it. I would  
like some member to show me how you  
can borrow money with an Act and ap-  
propriate it by the same Act. I fail to  
find any precedent for it."

"In 1892, it is true that they passed  
an Act appropriating \$750,000 and a  
loan bill under the same Act, that was  
the custom in those days to pass a  
current account bill for appropriations  
and a loan fund bill under the same  
Act. But they were kept separate  
and distinct. Section 4 of Act 92,  
of the session of 1892 reads: 'The  
sums borrowed under this Act shall be  
placed in the Treasury to the credit  
of the 'Loan Fund, 1892,' and shall be  
paid out for and used for the following



purpose and no other: New wharves, sea wall, etc." In 1893 they passed an Act, Act 16 of the Provisional Government, which was to carry out the purposes of the former Act of the session of the year 1892, and in which the purposes for which the money borrowed was to be expended was specially mentioned. Also Act 7 of the Republic, making supplementary appropriations for the use of the Government of the Republic for the two years ending December 31, 1896, specifically mentions the purpose for which the money is to be used. Section 1 reads: "The following sums, amounting to \$8,300, are hereby appropriated out of any moneys which shall be received by the Treasury during the biennial period ending March 31, 1896, from the loan authorized by the Act approved January 11, 1893, and by Act 16 of the Provisional Government, approved February 18, 1893, from any surplus receipts from deposits in the Postal Savings Bank and from current revenue, provided, however, that any moneys advanced from current revenue, or from deposits in the Postal Savings Bank for the objects named, may, as soon as practicable be reimbursed from moneys obtained from such loan." Then follows the specific items for which money was to be expended—new wharves, sea wall, etc.

"I have shown you, therefore, that it is not competent to pass a loan bill and appropriate the money borrowed under it in the same Act. It must be an entirely different Act. The trouble with our former loan Acts has been that the expenditures under the different items were not readily adjustable to the amount on hand, work had to be delayed on some items, and in others the amount on hand was in excess of the demand.

"Another defect with Act 46 is that the surplus receipts from deposits in the Postal Savings Bank and from current account could not be used, as has been the custom under the Provisional Government and under the former Government. My experience has been that we cannot rely upon the loan alone to carry out the public works. The fund may run low while the work is being carried on, and it is absolutely necessary to get money temporarily from both the current receipts and Postal Savings Bank to carry on the work. Of course this is repaid as soon as funds come in under the loan.

"We have now in the Treasury a surplus of moneys borrowed under the previous loan Act, for various items, and from other sources, something like \$115,000, which could not be touched under Act No. 46, and which would be tied up for two years, until the next Legislature. It is absolutely necessary that the surplus receipts from both these sources—the current receipts and Postal Savings Bank—should be at the disposal of the Treasury. It is impossible to segregate them; they are part of the whole. They are dependent on each other. Sometimes the Treasury calls upon the Postal Savings Bank and sometimes it is called upon by the Postal Savings Bank.

"There is a way out of the difficulty. I feel reluctant to press this point, because these bills were apparently regarded as obnoxious by the Senate. I refer to Bills No. 20 and No. 21. I don't urge you to pass them as they are, but to draw from them what is necessary to cover these points. The reason the bills are separated is mainly that Bill No. 20 is the main Act under which the loan is negotiated, which is printed on the bond, and which is not changed, stating the term and rate of interest. Bill No. 21 is for the special appropriation stating the terms at which the loan is to be made, limiting the power of the Executive as to the rate of commission and discount and in which just enough is appropriated to cover the temporary need, which can be regulated by legislation at each session according to the state of the public credit. If it is high a premium can be demanded, or vice versa. It would not do to have the Loan Act, which is printed on the bonds, and which the buyer looks at, amended each session of the Legislature. It was for this purpose that the Acts were separated so that the Legislature could at any time raise or lower the rate of discount without affecting the status of the loan under which the bonds are issued for the full amount of two million.

"However even when these Acts are passed we still need an Act appropriating the money borrowed for the specific items agreed upon. In studying Act No. 36 I find that several items were omitted which should have been inserted, and I have drafted an Act to take its place, as follows: 'An Act making special appropriations for the use of the Government during the two years which will end with the 31st day of December, A. D. 1897. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the Republic of Hawaii: Section 1.—The following sum, amounting to \$ , are hereby appropriated out of any moneys which will be received by the treasury during the biennial period ending December 31, 1897 from the loan authorized by the Act approved . . . A. D. 1896, and by Act 16 of the Provisional Government, approved February 18, 1893, from any surplus receipts from deposits in the Postal Savings Bank, and from current revenue and from any balance in hand of the loan fund from whatever source on the 31st day of May, 1896. Provided however that any moneys advanced from current receipts or from deposits in the Postal Savings Bank for the objects named may, as soon as practicable be reimbursed from moneys obtained from such loan. I haven't the different items, but they can be inserted as soon as the conference committee has decided on them.

"The motto of our country will save the life of the land is as the shot of righteousness. You might also say a truly that the life of this Government is perpetuated by a slight regard to credit. It is a matter which I cannot too strongly impress upon your minds. It is not only the Government which is affected by the national credit, it is the whole community. I cannot urge you too strongly in dealing with matters of this important nature to act with the greatest care so as to continue to in-

spire the confidence which we have enjoyed in the past.

"If I have made any statements which look like fault finding, I can assure you, gentlemen, that they were wholly unintentional. I have made this statement to you solely with the idea of stating our position in regard to the national credit."

House bill No. 34, relating to letters from the leper settlement, passed the third reading.

Senate bill No. 53, reserving lands in Hilo for public purposes, passed the third reading.

House bill No. 51, relating to sake, with report of the committee, came up on third reading. Action on the bill was deferred until the afternoon session.

— AFTERNOON SESSION. —

Minister Damon rendered a report on the funding and loan bill. Mr. Damon said he had conferred with the President, and reported slight changes in Bills 20 and 21. Regarding the public improvement loan, Mr. Damon said he would like to meet the special committee to consider the advisability of making the discount 2 per cent and the commission 1 per cent. The report with Bills 20 and 21 were received and referred to the special committee.

— HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. —

At the opening of the House yesterday morning the following communication from the President was presented by the Minister of Foreign Affairs:

To the Legislature of the Republic of Hawaii—By virtue of the authority in me vested by the Constitution and with the approval of the Cabinet, I hereby extend the present session of the Legislature for a period of not over ten days. SANFORD B. DOLE.

Rep. Rycroft said that it was through the blundering of the Senate in regard to the Loan bill especially that the House had called for an extension of time. Any school boy could have seen on the face of it that the thing was unconstitutional. The very report of the committee in providing a substitute bill made the whole affair unconstitutional. Too much time had already been spent on the funding bills. There were some good and likewise some very bad features about these.

Rep. Kaco presented the following report of the Judiciary Committee, to whom was referred Senate bill No. 38, relating to the Postoffice:

"We favor the object of the bill, which is to provide a punishment for the using of postage stamps, for the payment of postage, which have previously been used. We submit herewith a substitute bill which we believe will accomplish the object in better form than the Senate bill, and recommend that the substitute bill pass."

A communication from the Senate announced the following:

Transmission of Senate bill No. 26, relating to the manufacture of wines from grapes of Hawaiian growth, and Senate bill No. 52, relating to wheel tires.

Concurrence of Senate in House amendments to Senate bill No. 4, relating to wine of 18 per cent alcoholic strength free of duty.

Adoption of joint resolution regarding land transfer and registry of deeds. Non-concurrence of the Senate in the following items in the appropriation from Current Receipts bill, as amended by the House:

First—Additional salary Professor of Chemistry, \$166.

Second—Landing and buoys, Hawaii, \$3,000.

Third—Road from Pohulu to Awini, \$300.

Fourth—Road from Pahoa to head of Rycroft road, \$15,000.

Roads and bridges, Koloa, \$600.

Sixth—Verdict of Jury, Mrs. V. Ward, beach road, \$10,605.90.

Seventh—Traveling expenses of Commission on Sanitary, \$405.50.

Eighth—Subsidy to steamers, between Hilo and Pohoiki, \$1,200.

Ninth—Telephonic connection between Hilo and Puna, \$1,800.

Tenth—Telephone connection between Kohala and Huehue, \$2,000.

Senate bill No. 26, relating to wine from grapes of Hawaiian growth, passed first reading by title and was referred to the Commerce Committee.

— NINETY-FIRST DAY. —

WEDNESDAY, June 3.

The committee to which was referred the bill granting an electric railway franchise to a company in Hilo recommended that the remaining time of the session was not sufficient to thoroughly investigate the matter, and that a committee of three Senators be appointed to investigate and report at the next session.

The bill granting the Hilo Electric Light Company a street railway franchise was taken up with the report of the committee. Senator Rice moved to adopt the report.

Senator Lyman saw no reason for putting the matter over. The people of Hilo wanted the electric road and parties were ready to build it when the business of the town warranted the move. The company had no desire to get a clench on the Government. Laying the tracks and the construction of the road were all subject to the direction of the Minister of the Interior.

Senator Horner said the committee found that considerable opposition to the scheme had risen in Hilo. The committee thought it best to put the matter over to the next Legislature.

Senator Northrup said he signed the report because there was not time to consider the matter as fully as it should be. He was in favor of the road, and if there is time now for the Senate to give the matter proper consideration he thought it best to put the franchise through.

Senator Baldwin did not believe it proper to grant a special franchise to a particular corporation. The Legislature should pass a general franchise and allow companies to compete for it.

Senator Hocking said the company hadn't enough water to run their electric light plant, so why should they add an electric road.

Senator Rice thought the Senate should go very carefully. A law has

been passed to widen the streets of Hilo, and the Senators should be very careful before granting a thirty year franchise.

On motion of Senator Waterhouse the bill was tabled.

— HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. —

Communications from the Senate announced passage of House bills Nos. 49, relating to appeals, and 54, relating to the free carriage of mails from the leper settlement on Molokai; also, transmission of Senate bill No. 53, relating to the preservation of certain lands for public purposes.

Third reading of Senate bill No. 35, relating to Kaploani Park, announced.

Rep. Winston moved that the bill be referred back to a select committee since he had learned some facts which might have important bearing upon the provision for transferring of Government land.

Rep. Kamao said he could see no reason why there should be any further consideration. The committee on Public Lands had looked well into the matter and recommended passage of the bill. The Government was getting twenty-six acres for ten. That was quite a good transaction.

Rep. Hala thought that the bill should go back to the committee, since a member of the House had found some flaws.

Rep. Rycroft—The committee went into a consideration of this bill with great care. Several times I was in the same office when Mr. Winston got his information. I cannot for the life of me see why the gentleman there gave me no information that there was something wrong.

Rep. Winston—I didn't say that the man had said anything was wrong. He simply gave me figures which show very plainly that something is wrong. Rep. Rycroft—This bill emanated from the President himself. Mr. Irwin is a public-spirited man and the difference in value between twenty-five and ten acres leaves a difference of value decidedly to the advantage of the Government.

Rep. Richards—As I understood it this bill came out of an offer from Mr. Irwin to make certain transfers whereby the Government will have Kaploani Park in its possession just as it stands. The bill has been through the hands of the Executive, the Senate and the House, and has run the gauntlet with but one small change which makes no difference in the bill. Ordinarily I would be in favor of adopting the committee report, but a member of this House says that there is something wrong. The House cannot afford to pass the bill with such a charge hanging over it. I think that the bill should go back to the same, and not to a select committee. I would not wish to see any reflection cast on the Committee on Public Lands. There is no doubt in my mind that the bill will come back in its original form.

Rep. Cluney—It may sound all very well for the Government to be getting twenty-six acres for ten, but you must remember that the ten acres are along the seashore, and land there is worth five and six times as much as land the Government will get by this transaction.

Rep. Winston—When this bill was in the hands of the committee something was said about getting the right of way through the land to be transferred in order to secure the right to the Government of allowing people to bathe free of charge. I was very much surprised when the report of the committee came in with no provision regarding the right of way to the seashore.

Rep. Robertson—It seems to me that we are wandering about in the dark, and if we don't look out we will stumble and get hurt. If Rep. Winston will come out flat-footed and say what is wrong or what he objects to, we can discuss and settle the matter; but he states one thing at one time and another at another time. From his last remarks he seems to be objecting to the bill as a whole. Let us know what's the matter, so that we will know what we are talking about.

Rep. Rycroft—Rep. Winston is right in regard to the matter of right of way to the seashore. The committee did try to get some provision for bathing purposes, and that is the reason why so much time was taken in the consideration of the bill. When spoken to about the matter, Mr. Irwin said that if such a report was made to the House the transaction could be considered at an end. The President met with Mr. Irwin and both were very much in favor of getting some land along the seashore for public bathing purposes. Mr. Irwin said that he would help the Government in the purchase of certain land which is now under consideration, should the Government conclude to buy it.

The motion to refer the bill back to the committee was lost and the bill passed third reading with a vote of 10 to 2, Reps. Winston and Cluney voting against it.

Under suspension of rules Minister Cooper, with a smile on his face, announced his intention to introduce a bill relating to holidays.

Bill introduced, passed first reading, and was referred to the Judiciary Committee. This bill provides for the observance of the following as public holidays: January 1st and 17th, June 11th, July 4th, November 28th and December 25th.

If it required an annual outlay of \$100 to insure a family against any serious consequences from an attack of bowel complaint during the year there are many who would feel it their duty to pay it, that they could not afford to risk their lives, and those of their family, for such an amount. Any one can get this insurance for 25 cents, that being the price of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. In almost every neighborhood some one has died from an attack of bowel complaint before medicine could be procured or a physician summoned. One or two doses of this remedy will cure any ordinary case. It never fails. Can you afford to take the risk for so small an amount? For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for H. I.

Relics of the Monarchy  
AUCTION SALE OF  
BRONZES.

Under instruction from J. S. Bailly I will sell by auction, at my salesrooms, Queen street, Honolulu,

On WEDNESDAY, June 10th  
AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

Antique Bronzes,

Comprising about 70 Vases, plain figured and hand carved; 1 Bronze Table; 9 Card Receivers 7 Picture Frames, etc.

These articles are genuine. Authenticated by label and are of artistic merit.

This is about the last chance to get souvenirs of the late King Kalakaua, to whom these formerly belonged. On view June 8th and 9th.

JAS. F MORGAN,  
4315-td AUCTIONEER

\$35  
BED ROOM SETS

BEDSTEAD,  
BUREAU,  
WASHSTAND,  
TABLE,  
TWO CHAIRS,  
ROCKER,  
—7 PIECES IN ALL,  
POLISHED OAK.

The best thing ever offered in this market for the money. Call and see this Set.

ODD DRESSERS,  
\$12 and Upwards.

We have a few of these from broken Sets and are selling them off fast. They are worth looking at.

PORTIERES,  
ALL PRICES.  
New designs, colors, and the best qualities made.  
These are all new goods.

WINDOW SHADES,  
\$1 and Upwards.

We have cheaper ones, but call your attention to this higher class of goods. They are prettier, last longer, give better satisfaction, etc.

HOPP & CO.  
Furniture Dealers,  
CORNER KING AND BETHEL STS.

ALUMINUM CANE 5 TROPIC ENGINE OIL  
E. O. HALL & SON  
HARDWARE  
SHIP'S SUPPLIES GENERAL MERCHANDISE  
HANDLERY FILTERS

THE "TROPIC"  
Is a pure, unadulterated lubricator, and is fully warranted to be of the highest possible grade and to give first-class satisfaction in every particular.

A large number of mills are using it, and we are having new orders every week. Those who use it once, want it right along. THE

ALUMINUM CANE KNIFE  
Has found its way to many of the Hardwood, Ship Chandlery and General Merchandise on hand, and are addressed in the highest terms by over-

E. O. HALL & SON,  
Corner Fort and King Streets, Honolulu.

We Are "Holding Our Own"  
Against All Competition;

And every day shows us new customers. Seven years in the EXCLUSIVE Shoe business has shown us

HOW TO BUY,  
WHERE TO BUY, and  
HOW TO SELL

Shoes. The price is PLAINLY MARKED on our goods. All are treated alike. We point with pride to our record and gladly agree to do in the future as we have done in the past—sell only the best goods in the market and at as low prices as will pay us a fair living profit.

The Manufacturers' Shoe Co.,  
MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS AND IMPORTERS OF  
BOOTS AND SHOES.

What Is It?

IS IT  
HENRY CLAY,  
BOCK & CO.,  
LA AFRICANA,  
VERA CRUZ,  
OWL, or  
MANILA Cigar he Smokes?

It was bought of  
Hollister & Co.  
— IMPORTERS OF —  
Fine Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes and  
Smokers' Articles.

Slack & Brownlow's  
WORLD-FAMED  
IMPROVED HOUSEHOLD FILTERS

Powerful,  
Rapid,  
and  
Effective.

Strongly  
Recommended  
for Very  
Impure Water.

All these Filters  
can be CLEANED by  
the user. ALL IM-  
PURITIES ARE RE-  
MOVED, and the  
most FOUL WATER  
is rendered pure  
and palatable.

FOR SALE BY  
CASTLE & COOKE  
LIMITED.



## IS VERY LIVELY IN HILO TOWN.

Society Holds Sway in Most Pleasant Events.

LA GRIPPE QUITE PREVALENT.

Preachers Leave for Honolulu—Doctors Make Good Old Maids—A Joking Milk Episode—Hilo People go to the Coast—Other Newsworthy Items, Etc.

HILO, Hawaii, June 1.—The list of passengers per Kinau includes an unusually large number of Hiloites bound for the metropolis. Most of the clerical representatives, Rev. C. W. Hill, Rev. Desha, Rev. Baptiste and several from other parts of the Island, go to attend the convention of ministers to be held in Honolulu this week.

The regular monthly social of the First Foreign Church was held at the charming home of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Austin. The entertainment provided was novel and pleasing, and decidedly representative of "ye olden times." The parlors were robbed of their modern furnishings and reset with more ancient articles of comfort or decoration, so as to harmonize with the guests of the evening. Ladies and gentlemen robed in the costumes of their ancestors looked rather quaint and picturesque as they stepped about among their old friends. Probably the best costumed parties of the evening were Mrs. Moore and Hutchinson and H. C. Austin, who were three typical old maids of former times. Miss Willis rendered a vocal solo in her usual acceptable manner, and Miss Byer contributed her share toward the pleasure of the evening by reading a humorous selection.

The Hilo Social Club spent a most delightful evening at the seaside home of Hon. F. A. Lyman at Kaneohe on Thursday last. The special features of the evening were games of different kinds. Light refreshments were served during the evening.

Owing to the prevalence of la grippe among teachers and their friends interested in educational affairs, the attendance at the regular quarterly convention of teachers of the Hilo Teachers' Union was unusually small. It is unfortunate it should have been so, as an excellent program was carried out.

Considerable excitement was created over some split milk on Saturday morning. The driver of the California Stock and Dairy Company's milk cart was on his usual rounds when his horse took fright at a donkey loaded down with freight. In his mad career he split the white liquid out in jets and streams all along the route. The horse was badly cut up, but the cart and driver were uninjured in the race.

Deputy Marshal Hitchcock, E. N. Hitchcock and Miss Mary Hitchcock came up from Honolulu to see their mother and sisters before their departure for Clifton Springs, New York.

Miss Mary Hitchcock has just returned after an absence of more than a year in Europe and America. She is greatly improved in health.

Mr. Robertson, father of Mrs. H. C. Austin and Mrs. C. V. Ashford of Honolulu, is dangerously ill at the home of the Austins.

The bark Annie Johnson, Matson, master, left Saturday morning for the Bay City with 2,800 bags of sugar and six passengers, as follows: Mrs. E. G. Hitchcock, Misses Mabel and Hattie Hitchcock, Mrs. Jos. P. Slason, Mrs. Weight and Mr. C. S. Bradford, late of the Advertiser, who expects to return and open a gents' furnishing business in Hilo.

## WRITE OF UNSEEN SIGHTS

Interesting Meeting of Hilo Teachers' Union.

Horace Mann Elucidated—Papers On Training Youthful Minds. Ready Response.

At the Hilo Teachers' Union meeting, held May 29th, the following program was carried out:

Quotations from Horace Mann.....  
Class in Paper-Folding.....Miss Guild  
Readings on Horace Mann.....  
.....Miss Terry and Miss Lyman  
Drawing Class.....Miss Deyo  
Mind Culture.....Miss Coan

A good deal of attention was paid to the work and influence of the noted educator, Horace Mann, because the 4th of May was the centennial of his birth. He was a Boston lawyer of repute, and for ten years in the Massachusetts Legislature, both as Representative and as Senator. From his position as president of the Senate he was elected to the Board of Education at a salary of \$1,000 per annum. For this he gave up the political and pecuniary prospects of his life, and to the work of education he devoted himself from 1837 till his death in 1889. Through his exertions normal schools were established. Time fails to tell of all the progress made in educational affairs wherever his spirit or influence reached. The last words of his last address were: "Be ashamed to die until you have won some victory for humanity."

Miss Deyo gave the lesson on drawing, taking for pupils teachers who have been lately studying the Prang method now used in Honolulu schools. Children are first to form from clay the spheres, the cubes and the cylinders, learning at the same time the accompanying terms. Afterwards they learn to draw these forms, and modify them in pictures of interesting objects,

as fruit, baskets, cups and jugs. The lesson attracted much attention. Some of the Hilo schools will use this method next year.

The paper on mind training, as prepared by Miss Coan, was on the subject of cultivating rather than checking the imagination of the child, and guiding it to useful ends. To the child in school it makes geography and history more real and attractive to try to put scenes and objects read of before the mind's eye—"to see without having seen." The grown-up child it leads to the sculptor's block, to the painter's easel; it puts in his hand the pen of the poet or novelist, or the model of the inventor.

After listening to a few school compositions to illustrate the topic, the teachers present were asked to write for a few moments, trying to imagine they saw what they knew about but had never seen. They were kind enough to respond without objection, and most of their papers were read aloud. Mokuwewoe, Edinburgh, visits to Lake Geneva, to a Pacific atoll, to an Esquimaux family in winter, were various topics treated. In these days of illustrated books and magazines it is possible to very nearly accomplish the seeing of what one has not seen.

## BATTLED WITH WAVES.

Bob English and His Whaleboat Crew Capsized.

Bore Important Letters From Kahului to Honolulu—Two Hours in the Water.

Bob English, the well known and very popular pilot of Kahului, arrived in Honolulu harbor Wednesday noon, after a somewhat eventful twelve hours' trip in a whale boat.

Sheriff Andrews of Maui had some important dispatches which he was very anxious should reach Honolulu before the departure of the Australia. There was only one island steamer that could be reached, and that one would not arrive in Honolulu until late Wednesday evening.

The sheriff was in considerable trouble to know how to get his letters through, when "Bob" English, turned



BOB ENGLISH.  
The Kahului Pilot.

up and suggested that he could reach Honolulu in a whale boat. The sheriff promptly accepted the offer of the nifty pilot, and at 9 o'clock "Bob" English, with four native boys and a policeman, set off in their whale boat for Honolulu.

Although the trip was not necessarily a very dangerous one, there is no particular amusement about it; and good seamanship was required to make the journey in the allotted time. The party started off with a strong but favorable breeze behind them. All went well until about midnight, when the wind began to freshen. A choppy sea resulted. There was no reefing of sails. Bob put her through to make time. Suddenly a squall struck the boat, a big sea came over the bow, and in less time than it takes to tell it English and his crew were in the water.

The men stuck to the wreck, however. They were all good swimmers and were not inclined to give up the ship till the thing went to the bottom. After having been nearly three hours in the water, the pilot and his crew succeeded in righting the boat, and though a little worse for wear, set out again on the journey. Bob English was not the man to turn back. The policeman had the letters safe within his inside pocket, and they had to be in Honolulu before 2 o'clock Thursday. The sail was set and the boat headed for Diamond Head.

English and his crew sailed into Honolulu harbor shortly after 11 o'clock Thursday, and before noon the letters had been delivered.

## Opinion From Kauai.

MR. EDITOR—Kauai people have received copies of Act 13—the Registration Act—and on the whole it is approved. It indicates a narrow, small mind to lay stress on the thumb mark as degrading and placing white men on the line of Asiatics. Nothing from outside degrades a man of proper character. And as to Asiatics, from where come the white race, if not from Asia? Did it fall down from heaven, on the soil of Great Britain? KAUAI.

Mr. James Perdue, an old soldier residing at Monroe, Mich., was severely afflicted with rheumatism but received prompt relief from pain by using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. He says: "At times my back would ache so badly that I could hardly rise. If I had not gotten relief I would not be here to write these few lines. Chamberlain's Pain Balm has done me a great deal of good and I feel very thankful for it." For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for H.I.

## CHILD SAVED BY CHILD.

Plucky Feat of a Six-year Old Boy at Waikiki Yesterday.

Among a number of children who were playing on Waterhouse's pier, at Waikiki, close upon 6 p. m. yesterday, was Ernest, the two-year-old son of W. H. Cummings, and his brother, Edward. Ernest ran out to the end of the pier, and Edward, a boy about four years of age, pushed his brother into the water, "just for fun." Of course there was consternation immediately, and a couple of the children ran in to tell some one to come to the assistance of the boy who was splashing and screaming in the water.

Little Johnny Ena, a lad but six years of age and the son of John Ena, pulled off his clothes in a jiffy, and jumping into the water, grabbed the Cummings boy and towed him to shore, a distance of about 100 feet. This plucky feat on the part of Johnny was the means of saving the life of the Cummings child, who was in water deep enough to drown him, and unable to swim.

## FOR BEAUTIFUL HAIR

Ayer's Hair Vigor

RESTORES COLOR,  
PROMOTES  
Luxuriant Growth,

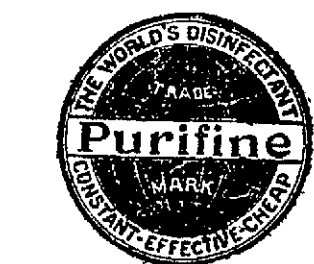


Ayer's Hair Vigor.

Gold Medals at the World's Great Expositions.

Beware of cheap imitations. The name "Ayer" is prominent on the wrapper, and is blown in the glass of each bottle.

AGENTS FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS:  
**HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY**  
Limited.



## What Is PURIFINE?

It is the new disinfectant which has superseded all other disinfectants, being a scientific compound, having no odor, yet possessing the qualities of a powerful disinfectant.

The automatic distributor should be placed in every house in Honolulu where odors and germs of disease exist. They are placed free of charge, taken care of and kept working day and night for \$1.00 per month. It's an innovation, but on scientific principles, and appeals to everyone of common sense. The idea is this: The distributor drops two drops a minute, day and night. Foul odors are killed, yet no disagreeable smell of carbolic acid or crude disinfectants takes its place. You don't know that a powerful disinfectant is being used if you judge by the lack of odor. But it's doing the duty—doing it well. Can you show you the "Ideal Automatic Distributor"? Our Mr. Washburn will call, if you'll telephone to

## The Hollister Drug Co

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

For the Hawaiian Islands.

## Your Stock

Will do better on  
FIRST-CLASS FEED.

## HAY AND GRAIN

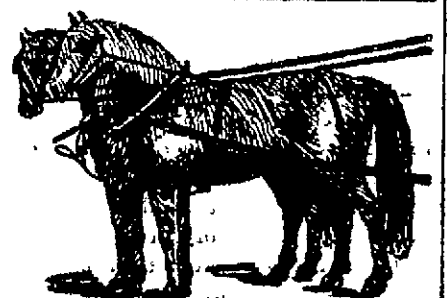
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## CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED

## Blood Mixture

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scoury, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, its effects are marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores,  
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck,  
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Legs,  
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face,  
Cures Scoury Sores,  
Cures Cancerous Ulcers,  
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases,  
Cures Glandular Swellings,  
Cures the Blood from all Impure Matter,  
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

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From All Parts of the World.  
Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d., and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture, and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes.

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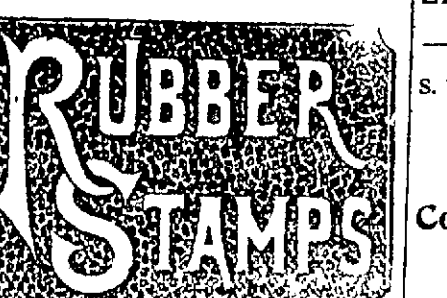
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Agents, Honolulu.  
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Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd.

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INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Co

Of London for FIRE & LIFE.

Established 1836.

Accumulated Funds, \$3,975,000.

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Of Liverpool for MARINE.

Capital - - £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd., Agents.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed

agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

General Insurance Company for Sea, River and Land Transport of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned General Agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,  
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co.  
OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Company  
OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.  
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Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Company  
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reichsmarks 6,000,000  
Capital their reinsurance companies 101,650,000

Total reichsmarks 107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Company  
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reichsmarks 8,850,000  
Capital their reinsurance companies 35,000,000

Total reichsmarks 43,850,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the above two companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss of damage by fire on the most favorable terms.  
H. HACKFELD & CO.

North British and Mercantile  
INSURANCE COMPANY.

TOTAL ASSETS 31ST DEC., 1894.  
£11,671,018 2s. 2d.

1—Authorized Capital, £3,000,000  
Subscribed Capital, 2,750,000

Paid-up Capital 887,500 0 0  
2—Fire Funds 2,410,595 7 8  
3—Life and Annuity Funds 8,572,525 14 11

Revenue Fire Branch 1,648,856 18 7  
Revenue Life and Annuity Branches 1,359,821 16 9

£2,900,678 15 4

The accumulated funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

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S. T. ALEXANDER H. P. BALDWIN

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Commission Merchants,

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Island Orders Promptly Filled.

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## PHARMACISTS.

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## PURE DRUGS.

Chemicals,

## MEDICINAL PREPARATIONS

AND

## Patent Medicines

At the Lowest Prices.

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Now Goods by every Steamer. Orders from the other Islands faithfully executed. TELEPHONE 116.

W. H. RICE,

## Stock Raiser

— And Dealer in —

## LIVE STOCK.

— BREEDER OF —

## Fine Horses and Cattle

Well-bred Fresh Milch Cows, and Young Sussex Bulls, Fine Saddle and Carriage Horses

## FOR SALE.

Tourists and Excursion Parties desiring Single, Double or Four-in-hand Teams or Saddle Horses can be accommodated at W. H. Rice's Livery Stables.

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W. H. RICE.

LIHUE, KAUAI.

## Metropolitan Market

KING STREET.

## Choicest Meats

From Finest Herds.

G. J. WALLER, Proprietor.

Families and Shipping Supplied

ON SHORT NOTICE

AT THE

## Lowest Market Prices

All Meats delivered from this market are Thoroughly Chilled immediately after killing by means of a Bell-Coleman Patent Dry Air Refrigerator. Meat so treated retains all its juicy properties and is guaranteed to keep longer after delivery than freshly-killed meat.

## Beaver Saloon.

H. J. NOLTE, - Prop.

Begs to announce to his friends and the public in general that he has opened the above saloon, where

FIRST-CLASS REFRESHMENTS

Will be served from 3 a. m. till 10 p. m., under the immediate supervision of a competent Chef de Cuisine.

THE FINEST GRADES OF

Tobaccos,

Cigars, Pipes and

Smokers' Sundries

Chosen by a personal selection from first-class manufacturers has been obtained and will be added to from time to time.

One of Brunswick & Balke's

Celebrated Billiard Tables

Connected with the establishment, where lovers of the cue can participate.



It is rumored in England that the Prince of Wales has lost his interest in horse racing. The Prince is fortunate. More than one man has lost interest, principal and run up big debts beside, all on account of racing.

While the Legislature is considering the subject of national holidays it should not forget Arbor Day that was so well championed by B. G. Northrup. A national holiday in the month of May would serve a double purpose. Besides the Arbor Day exercises that would be observed in the schools, the boat clubs would also undoubtedly time their yearly events so that the regatta would be set for the same day. There seems to be no good reason why another holiday should not be added to the list.

For once the Hilo Tribune comes to hand without its usual two columns of editorial "kicks" on the Hilo public improvements. Of course it doesn't like the way in which the Government has held onto the water in Wailuku river instead of giving the Hilo Electric Light Company free swing. But this is a minor affair. The clique behind the Hilo Tribune would not feel natural without offering some sort of a weekly wail. So far as public improvements are concerned, Hawaii takes everything. The next thing in order is for some one on Maui to start a newspaper and begin a public improvement campaign for the next Legislature.

The scarcity of newspaper men in the United States Congress is possibly explained by the following reply of the editor of an Illinois paper to an impending nomination to Congress: "The mission of the hireling who holds the plough handles of this paper is to keep the fires burning on the altars of liberty and beacon lights blazing on the shores of time at \$1.50 a blaze, invariably in advance. He does not hunger and thirst after official life. He did think once he would like to go to the Legislature, but he has grown in grace since then and purged his system of that unholy desire. Since then he has not yearned a single year or hankered a hank after political distinction."

The people of San Francisco are raising a rumpus because the Japanese children are crowding the American children out of the public schools. This is an extraordinary state of affairs. In every other city of the American Union the schools are put up and enlarged to suit the number of children, rather than children crowded out to fit the size of the school house. One of the excellent features of the American school system in this country is shown in that however mixed our present population of adults may be from a racial and educational standpoint, the children of every race have equal educational opportunities, and an amalgamation is thereby being brought about that will result in a stronger and more united people. If San Franciscans had a little Hawaiian-common sense and foresight they would stop grumbling and build more school houses.

The bicycle has entered into politics. The cyclists of New York have done what a good many people have tried to do and failed. They have bucked a railway monopoly and beaten it. The question was whether a bicycle should be regarded as baggage. The New York Central had declared that it could not be so considered, and charged freight. The bike riders sent out 30,000 circulars, came out in force and showed what a voting power they would be. The members of the Legislature very quickly dropped to the fact that the bike riders were worth considering at the next election, and passed a law authorizing the carrying of bicycles as baggage, and Governor Morton, with an eye to presidential futures, signed the bill instantly. A similar bill has been presented in Ohio, and the matter is being agitated throughout the States. Here the railroad is more accommodating, though there is very little carrying back and forth of bicycles on our lines.

The views of Mr. Porter, the scenic painter, with regard to a curtain for the new theater are eminently those of a man who knows his business and has an eye to artistic effect. A pretty and idealistic drop-scene is what should be painted, not a picture from the island scenery, however beautiful that may be and however well Mr. Porter might treat it. The drop scene that went up in smoke over a year ago was a very pretty one, but of course it is wise to have a change. In the States, in certain

classes of theaters, it is now the fashion to paint advertisements on the drop scenes. This is too awful for anything. The curtain falls upon the despairing Marguerite lying across the body of Valentine, or upon the weeping Leonore, and instantly, staring you in the face, is a hideous, particolored checker board advising you to buy "Buggins' soap," or that the "Louvre is the place to get nice oysters after the play." Thank goodness we are to be spared such monstrosities here.

Some one has said that the Board of Health is the only board holding executive sessions. How about the Board of Education? This organization, holding sway over one of the most important departments in the whole system of Government, never allows the newspapers to enter within the sacred grounds of its deliberations. Consequently the public knows about as little of what the Board is doing as is possible. The excuse has been given that in the Educational Board the members are required to say things about the personal merits of teachers that it is not wise to put in the public print. Hold executive sessions on these matters if thought best. The newspapers of Honolulu have never shown any desire to air disagreeable private affairs. But on matters of general administration there is every reason why the general public should be kept in touch with the action of the Board. Open your doors, educators, and give the public a glimpse of the ways and wherefores of your departmental administration.

## ARTIV THE SCHOOL.

A new and important feature of the present exhibition of the Kiloahana Art League is to be found in the space devoted to the system of drawing which this year has been introduced into the public schools. This is not the work of the pupils, but a brief outline of the upper grade work upon which they have started.

The purpose of the League is to stimulate and encourage art in Hawaii, and no better support can it have than the interest of the young and the co-operation of those engaged in teaching them. Each will supplement and assist the other.

There is shown at this time a brief survey of what Miss Beckwith is accomplishing with the young pupils of the city schools, under the encouragement of the Board of Education. It comprises the simple forms of paper cutting, the grades of applied decoration, perspective, mechanical, crayon and water color work. The Board of Education and the public are to be congratulated that this branch of education has been so successfully inaugurated.

We may look for further evidences of progress at future exhibitions, and if the private institutions of learning will in turn contribute their share of what is included in their line, the League and the schools will be united for the common ends avowed by both. The next step to be anticipated will be an exhibition of the pupils' own work, and then the purpose of the League will have attained a still stronger hold upon all whom it is intended to benefit.

## VACCINATION AND BOARD OF HEALTH.

In the Board of Health they have been considering the vaccination question. The Board of Health, or rather the physicians under the Board, are far more responsible for the condition of affairs than the teachers.

The teachers throughout the country are perfectly willing and anxious to assist the Board of Health officials in every way, but the Board of Health officials are the persons who are lacking in their duty.

Last year a large school in this city was to have been vaccinated. A day was appointed, the time was set. The children to be vaccinated were kept in after school and the teachers sat there waiting. Now it is no small effort to keep children waiting to be vaccinated, when so many of them have a dread of it. There was quite a scene of weeping little children, and the nerve power of the teachers was strained to the utmost. Well, the doctor never put in an appearance at all, and never sent word that he was not coming, and the teachers and the weeping children, and the fidgety children, and the mischievous children waited for over an hour, till they gave it up and went home. It can readily be imagined that it was hard work to get those children prepared again.

In another school the teacher, acting under the law, refused to take children who had not been vaccinated, and as the bulk of them were not, the school was practically shut up for over three weeks till the doctor got ready to vaccinate them.

Instances might be multiplied as to the carelessness of some of the Government doctors in performing their duties with regard to children in the schools. If the doctors would do their duty regularly there would be no trouble about

getting the children vaccinated. The root of the trouble does not lie with the teachers, but with the officials of the Board of Health.

## THE SUNDAY BAND CONCERT.

Minister Cooper's decision to grant the request for a Sunday band concert is one that will undoubtedly meet with general favor throughout the community. The worthy battle for and against the Sunday concert has from time to time been fought long and loud. But where many have opposed legislation favorable to the Sunday concert-goers, a good proportion of these same people will readily accept the solution of the problem made by Mr. Cooper. In the first place, he has made a good selection in the place for holding the first concert. Kapiolani Park has in a measure been a thing of beauty and a joy forever, but it has never been generally patronized by the class of people it is intended to benefit. Whether this has been due to the lack of attractions at the park or the inability of the workmen to pay the ten-cent fare on the palatial tram cars that move at the rate of three miles in sixty minutes, we are not prepared to state, but a move that will tend to popularize the park and make it the resort it should be is certainly a move in the right direction.

With the Minister of Foreign Affairs in a position to continue or put an end to the concerts according to the manner in which the audiences conduct themselves, there can be no danger of the Sunday concert becoming a Sunday carousal. Those who have opposed these concerts on the grounds that beer, whisky and disorder will be a sure accompaniment can hardly object to the experiment being tried. If their anticipations are realized they can trust to Minister Cooper and the Executive to put an end to the concert. If they find they have made a mistake, they congratulate themselves that Honolulu is made up of such law-abiding citizens. We hope that the latter will prove true and the concert will be a success.

The Executive have taken the sound position that the object of government is regulation, not prohibition. It now remains for the people to prove that recognition of liberty is not a license.

## RUN IT ACCORDING TO LAW.

Section 12 of Chapter XXXIV of the Laws of 1884 runs as follows:

"The rates of fare for each passenger upon the said railroad shall not exceed five cents for each passenger using said cars up to and within Judd street, the Industrial School, and to and within Punahou street, and ten cents for each passenger using said cars beyond the last mentioned points."

## Section 6 says:

"Sixthly, that the cars must be of the most approved construction for comfort, and convenience and safety of passengers."

The above are two paragraphs taken from the law under which the tram cars run and have their franchise.

Mr. Payne, having been defeated upon the first paragraph quoted, has thought fit to take the matter into his own hands, and stops his cars at Queen street. Of course, the question will be tested, and to the detriment of Mr. Payne. But not satisfied with trying to make a test case, he has altered the time of running the Nuuanu branch of his cars in such a manner as to seriously inconvenience all who live on the Valley Road. This matter can be left to the courts; they will settle it, and Mr. Payne and his company.

But really, is it not time that Section Six of the law be looked into. The cars do not give "comfort," nor do they give "convenience," and in the matter of "safety" they are by no means satisfactory, for the system of brakes is obsolete and a menace to life in case of accident, as was patently shown on January first of this year.

The fact is that the tram car system of this city is utterly unsatisfactory. It is not run for the benefit of the community, but to suit the whims of some of the most pig-headed Englishmen that it has ever been our lot to come across.

Our Attorney General had better look into the matter and see if the terms of the franchise have been properly carried out. The sections quoted above are recommended to his notice. If the terms have not been carried out Mr. Payne has wrecked his company.

## A FREE PARK.

Senate bill No. 35, being an Act to provide for the permanent settlement of Kapiolani Park, will soon be reported by a committee of the House.

The object of the bill is to make the park as it now exists "a free public park and recreation ground forever."

Before entering upon the merits of the bill it would be well to understand how the land of the park is owned. A portion of it is crown land, another portion belonged to the Lunaliio estate, and when it was sold was bought in fee simple by Mr. W. G. Irwin. The park is held by the Kapiolani Park Association under leases, the crown land portion for a residue of about twenty

years, the portion owned by Mr. Irwin for a residue of eight years, when the lease will fall in, and Mr. Irwin could then refuse to release and could cut it up into lots and sell it. The Kapiolani Park Association own no land in fee simple. There are also a number of lots along the beach between the main avenue and the sea occupied by private residences, having about twenty years' lease to run. Among these are the residences of Mr. Cupha, Mrs. C. L. Carter, Mr. J. B. Castle, Mr. W. G. Irwin and others. These are on the crown land. Further up the beach, beyond the houses, are lots 90 to 100, owned by Mr. Irwin in fee simple.

Now let us look at the provisions of the Act. The object of the Act, as has been already said, is to secure this land, known as Kapiolani Park, to the public use forever. How is it going to be done?

The crown land there can be no difficulty about. But there can be difficulty about the fee simple land owned by Mr. Irwin. Supposing for a moment that Mr. Irwin was a different man from what he is, he could at the end of eight years practically destroy the park. The line that he could cut off would start from the Honolulu end of the Herbert lot, or Sans Souci, through the race course up to the lots opposite Dr. Trousseau's ostrich farm. And it would cut off all the avenues in that part of the park, for they have not been condemned for public use and are private property.

Now, under this Act, in which we understand President Dole takes considerable interest, as he is desirous of securing the park in perpetuity, the following proposal is made:

Mr. Irwin, who has a lease of thirty-seven lots upon the crown land property, among which are his own home-stand lots—the total amounting to 10.02 acres—offers to the Government his 26.65 acres of fee simple in exchange, on condition that the Government take such steps as will make the whole park a recreation ground for the public in perpetuity, and that he is given a fee simple title to his thirty-seven lots, which have a twenty-year lease or so to run. He also reserves lots 90 to 100, mentioned above, out of his gift or exchange, whatever it may be called. It is a gift, for the value of the twenty-five acres given by Mr. Irwin is anywhere from \$15,000 to \$20,000, and the leased land pays a nominal ground rent.

There is no doubt that this is an excellent offer and one that should be closed with. It secures what in a few years from now we shall not be able to secure, viz., a fine place of recreation for all classes of the people. Mr. Irwin has acted in a spirit of liberality and has given the Legislature a chance to obtain, at no cost to the country, a piece of land which in after years might cost them over \$100,000.

It is well to think for a moment of the great parks of the world. What would San Francisco be without the Golden Gate Park, New York without its Central Park, London without its Hyde Park, or Paris without its Bois de Boulogne? But it was only by far-seeing action that such places were kept for the purposes they have been dedicated to. It is only by far-seeing action that the present park can be saved from being practically divided in half, and the work of laying out the avenues and the tree planting be lost to the city. No spirit of picayunish haggling should be allowed, and the bill should pass as it stands, unhampered by any petty piece of grabbing for more than is actually needed.

## WILL RAISE OUR STANDARD.

A recent issue of the London Pall Mall Gazette deprecates the immense amount of English money that has been invested in Argentine, money that has been sent to that country never to return. It sets forth that comparatively few undeveloped countries have had the same amount handed over to them for public improvements, railway construction and opening up new districts. The Government alone, between the years 1881 and 1892, took over \$55,000,000 directly, and it is estimated that in all some \$300,000,000 of English capital has been sunk in Argentina, half of which has been lost.

With such an example fresh in the minds of investors, it is not surprising that some capitalists look askance at Hawaiian securities. There is one redeeming feature about this country, however, when capitalists will take the trouble to look over our past financial record, both of the nation and of private corporations, they find that the country, though small, is as sound as a nut financially. It is not stretching it to say that the credit of Hawaii should be second to none. The country has never defaulted in the payment of interest or principal, and the public loans have never been made to such a large amount that the country is loaded down with a public improvement debt that the internal resources will not more than cover.

The principal trouble with Hawaii's credit is that it has been classed with

the Tom, Dick and Harry booms of Spanish America. The refunding measure will put the country where it belongs in the financial scale, besides rendering an indirect benefit to private enterprises, by the success of which the treasury is to reap the reward for extensive public improvements. The ten days' extension granted the Legislature will undoubtedly give the law makers sufficient time to straighten out the loan bill and refunding bill tangle and put our finances in such businesslike shape that there can be no discounting the fact of the solidarity of Hawaiian enterprise.

## ARE TREASURED IN LOVE

Tribute to the Life and Work of Mrs. Hartwell.

Dies Wednesday Morning After Two Years' Illness—Funeral Attended by Many Loving Friends.

Mrs. Alfred S. Hartwell, wife of Judge Hartwell died at 2 a. m. Wednesday, after an illness covering nearly two years.

Mrs. Hartwell was a sister of Hon. W. O. Smith and was of a singularly lovable disposition. She was an earnest Christian and her labors were always in the interest of the Hawaiians.

Death is only God's "tomorrow." With the hand clasp still warm, with the echo of a sweet voice still vibrating in our ears, with the heart throbs scarcely stilled, our eyes can almost see the flush of the beautiful new day that has dawned for our precious friend and sister. Through the gates of the morning she entered into radiant life, and now stands in all the beauty of mature womanhood, ready for the higher sphere of existence awaiting her. Faithful in much on earth, we know her hands will still have great employ. There was a vacant place in the heavenly ranks, that only she could fill. Amid the spirits lent to beautify the earth, her's was found ready and waiting for the summons.

Long had she stood on the verge of the tide, Eager to cross to the other side; Gently the waves azure rolled o'er her feet, Seeming her coming with gladness to greet, Gently she passed from the clasp of each hand, Only to wake in the sweet morning land.

But there are shadows and mists of tears with us who must still abide. The vacant place on earth will be hard to fill. The rare judgment, wise counsel, generous nature, the tact, ability and loving-kindness of this beautiful woman, have been precious beyond words to all who were privileged to come within her world. Her life was all for others. In her blooming girlhood years were spent in assisting in the training school for Hawaiian girls at Koloa. Her love for the Hawaiians never failed. She had a rare understanding of their national characteristics and a marvellous power of adapting herself to their friendly intercourse, so as to influence them for good. This power she had exercised until failing health peremptorily forbade any social relations whatever.

Treasured in love are her sweet words and deeds, Ever so ready for life's sorest needs.

The unwritten histories of her relations with friends of greater or lesser degree will be reread many times in the years to come, from memory's page. Ah! how we shall miss her!

There is no hand so charmed that it can venture to write of the vacant chair in the home circle. The devotion of wifehood, of motherhood, had a perfect exponent in her daily life. God only could fathom the depths of her loving heart, and they who were her very own can only realize, as the years roll by, all she was in the home.

Charlotte E. Hartwell was born at Koloa, Kauai, April 1845. She was the second daughter of Dr. J. W. and Mellicent K. Smith. She was married to Judge A. S. Hartwell of this city in 1872. Two sisters, Miss Emma C. Smith and Mrs. William Waterhouse, are in the United States. Her brother, Mr. W. O. Smith, is away in Japan. Her brothers, Dr. J. K. Smith and A. H. Smith, and Miss Juliette Smith are on Kauai.

Her husband, seven daughters and one son are in Honolulu.

The large attendance at the funeral of Mrs. A. S. Hartwell Thursday afternoon was indeed an evidence of the high esteem in which Mrs. Hartwell was held by the people of the city. The casket, which was placed in the large reception room of the Judd street residence, was literally banked with beautiful floral tributes.

The services at the house were very simple and appropriate. Miss Richards sang a solo, "Son of My Soul," after which Rev. D. P. Birnie read the burial service, which was followed by a prayer by Rev. Mr. Parker. The casket was borne to the hearse by President Dole, Chief Justice Judd, Hon. W. R. Castle, Senator W. H. Rice, Senator G. N. Wilcox and W. W. Hall, all of whom had been lifelong acquaintances of the deceased and intimate friends of Judge Hartwell.

A large number of friends followed the funeral cortege to the grave, where the usual service was read, and after a closing hymn by a quartette consisting of Messrs. Wood and Hall, Miss Richards and Mrs. A. F. Judd, the remains were consigned to their last resting place. The funeral was conducted by H. H. Williams.

## WOULD IMPEACH THE PRESIDENT.

An Alabama Crank Boils Over at Cleveland.

SUPPRESSED BY WISER HEADS.

The Author of a Book—"If Christ Came to Congress"—Long List of Grievances—Dingley, Majority Leader, Takes Him Away.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Howard of Alabama, at the opening of the session of the House today, sprang a sensation, but it was short lived, the members, with practical unanimity, suppressing him. As soon as the journal had been read Howard rose dramatically in the center aisle, and flourishing a paper in his hand, demanded that he be heard on a resolution which he sent to the clerk's desk. The resolution was as follows: "I do impeach Grover Cleveland, the President of the United States, of high crimes and misdemeanors, on the following grounds:

"First—That he has sold, or directed the sale, of bonds without authority of law.

"Second—That he has sold, or aided in the sale, of bonds at less than their market value.

"Third—That he has directed the misappropriation of the proceeds of said bond sales.

"Fourth—That he has directed the Secretary of the Treasury to disregard the law which makes United States notes and treasury notes redeemable in coin.

"Fifth—That he has ignored and refused to have enforced the anti-trust law.

"Sixth—That he has sent the United States troops into the State of Illinois without authority of law and in violation of the constitution.

"Seventh—That he has corrupted politics through the interference of Federal office holders.

"Eighth—That he has used the appointing power to influence legislation detrimental to the welfare of the people. Therefore, be it

"Resolved, By the House of Representatives that the Committee on Judiciary be directed to ascertain whether these charges are true, and if so to report to the House, with such action, by impeachment or otherwise, as shall be proper in the premises, and said committee shall have authority to send for persons and papers."

When the clerk ceased reading Howard was suddenly taken off the floor by Dingley, the floor leader of the majority, who raised the question of consideration against the resolution. The question was promptly put, and by a practically unanimous vote the House declined to give Howard a hearing. The House then settled down to the dull routine.

## SPAIN AND CLEVELAND.

Rumors Regarding Spain's Request to France—Cleveland in Doubt.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—In the opinion of President Cleveland and Secretary Olney, a serious phase has been imparted to the question of the relations between the United States and Spain. They learn that Spain has made overtures to France for moral and material aid in the event of this Government taking any aggressive action with regard to Cuba. If France has returned a definite reply to these overtures, the President and Secretary Olney have not learned its character.

France has not yielded to the recent importunities of Spain for additional loans. She would scarcely rupture her relations with this Government with the erroneous idea that by helping Spain to retain possession of Cuba that bankrupt and broken down monarchy would be able to meet its financial obligations to France.

## SPANISH PROTOCOLS.

Cleveland Refuses to Make Competitor Paper Public.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The President today sent a message to the Senate in relation to the Spanish protocols and the Competitor affair. It contained nothing but the text of the treaties and protocols in the original Spanish and in English.

The President declined on public grounds to transmit to the Senate any of the correspondence between this government and Spain growing out of the Competitor affair.

## GOING OUT OF COMMISSION.

Concord and Petrel are Laid Up for Repairs.

VALLEJO, May 24.—Although the active building and repair operations dependent upon the passage of the naval appropriation bill by Congress have not yet begun, the navy yard has seemed more active of late owing to the arrival of the gunboats Concord and Petrel from China, and the work necessary to put them out of commission, preparatory to a general overhauling and repairing.

Minister Willis at Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Mr. Willis, United States Minister to Hawaii, called at the State Department today, but did not see Secretary Olney. He will remain in Washington but a day or two and then go to Louisville, Ky., for a needed rest.



## SHORT SESSION IN LOWER HOUSE.

Report of Committee Finishes  
the Work.

SENATORS ACCEPTS SUGGESTIONS.

Some Reductions in Appropriations for  
Roads—Consolidating the Public  
Debt—Terms of the New Loan.  
Capitalists to Have Equal Rights.

Ninety-second Day.

THURSDAY, June 4.

Senator Baldwin presented the report of the Conference Committee on the current receipts appropriation bill. The bill as accepted shows another victory for the House, almost all the amendments by the lower body being accepted. The items recommended were as follows: Salary of professor of chemistry for January and February, \$166; landings and buoys, Hawaii, \$3,000; new road, Hukunui gulch, \$3,000; road from Pahoa to head of Rycroft's road, \$10,000; judgment in favor of Mrs. Victoria Ward, \$10,605.90; expenses electric railway commission, \$405.50; roads and bridges, Koloa, \$600; subsidy of steamer between Hilo and Pohoiki, Island of Hawaii, one trip a month, \$1,200; telephone connection between Pohoiki court house, Puna, and Hilo, on condition that a like amount be expended by residents of the district, \$1,200. The Kohala-Huehue telephone appropriation was killed. On motion the report of the committee was accepted, which passes that appropriation bill.

Minister Cooper introduced a bill appropriating \$1,190.05 for the Board of Education, which was read the first time and referred to the Printing Committee.

House bills Nos. 36 and 57 were received.

House bill No. 55, relating to the recording of instruments in which interlineations or erasures have occurred, passed the third reading. House bill No. 56, providing for recording judgment or decrees concerning land, also passed the final reading.

Senate bill No. 13 was taken up section by section on second reading. This is the bill authorizing the consolidation of the public debt. Section 1, placing the aggregate amount of the bonds at \$3,300,000, passed. Section 2, providing for 4 per cent interest and twenty-five to fifty-year term, passed. Section 4 was referred back to the committee. Section 5, providing for registering the bonds, passed. Section 6, confining the proceeds of the bonds to the redemption of existing outstanding bonds, passed. Section 7, authorizing the Minister of Finance to effect the conversion of any or all of the existing outstanding bonds. Sections 8 and 9, allowing the Minister to make arrangements for the sale of the bonds and granting proper discounts, passed.

Section 10, providing for the payment of a commission to parties selling \$250,000 or more bonds. Section 12, providing that all bonds issued under the Act may be redeemed at any time after twenty-five years, passed. Further consideration of the bill was deferred until the committee reported on Section 4.

Senate bill No. 19, to define and limit the powers of the Minister of Finance in connection with granting discounts, etc. The discount is placed at 5 per cent and the commission at 2 per cent. All holders of bonds residing in the Republic of Hawaii are to be allowed the same discounts given regular syndicates, on condition they present their bonds for exchange within ninety days of the time the Minister gives notice he is ready to make said exchange. The bill passed the second reading.

House bill No. 26, relating to public parks, squares and pleasure grounds in the district of Honolulu, passed the final reading and on second reading by title was referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

House bill No. 57, to amend the Act to limit the time within which claims of creditors against estates of deceased persons shall be presented, passed the second reading by title and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Senator Rice reported copies of the Loan bill.

House bill relating to the postal laws was received. This is a substitute bill for Senate bill No. 38. The bill was tabled until the Senate found out why its bill had been rejected.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The afternoon session of the Senate lasted about twenty minutes. The Special Committee reported on Section 4, amending the section so that there can be no question as to the character of the coin in which the bonds are paid—United States gold coin. This report was accepted and the bill as amended passed the second reading.

House of Representatives.

There was very little done in the House yesterday, and half an hour from the time Speaker Naone let his gavel fall the motion to adjourn was put and carried.

Minister King reported the signing by the President of the bill relating to

the registration of births, deaths and marriages; also, one relating to ports of entry.

Rep. Robertson, from the Finance Committee, reported changes in the wording of the current receipts appropriation bill and some in the amounts for various improvements. The report was promptly adopted.

Rep. Richards reported House bill 26 typewritten.

Finance Committee recommended laying the original loan bill on the table and the report was adopted. This is the substitute bill passed in the Senate and afterwards found to be illegal.

## QUIETLY MARRIED.

Frank L. Hoogs and Margaret Roche  
Joined in Matrimony.

Ceremony at Rev. D. P. Birnie's—No  
Invited Guests—Kept From  
Their Friends.

Just by way of a surprise to their many friends, Frank L. Hoogs and Miss Margaret Roche were married last night instead of the 17th inst., as had been announced by the groom.

The arrangements for the wedding were so quietly made that up to the hour of the ceremony not more than a handful of people knew of it.

But as in "such cases made and provided," there was a leak, and an Advertiser reporter was at the wedding in the spirit, and just outside Preacher Birnie's fence in the flesh.

The wedding was arranged to take place at 8:30 last night, and just a few minutes before that time a carriage containing the bridal couple drove to the gate of the parsonage, where they got out and went into the house without ceremony. Five minutes later the front door closed and remained so until a quarter to nine, when Mr. and Mrs. Hoogs as unceremoniously emerged, the groom in evening dress and the petite bride in a beautiful white costume cut with half sleeves and high in the neck. There was no display of flowers or elaborate ornamentation, a little bunch of flowers on the left shoulder of the bride being all that was noticeable. To one who did not know otherwise they might have been taken for a couple on the way to a reception rather than a spick and span married pair.

As soon as they were seated in the carriage the driver whipped his horse and drove direct to the lovely home of Mr. Hoogs on King street, near Richards, which has recently been furnished throughout by him in anticipation of the event. Just a few friends were waiting their arrival. An informal reception followed.

Mrs. Hoogs, a petite blonde of the Titian stamp, is a sister of Mrs. Thos. Krouse, and a charming girl. She has a quiet, lovable disposition and rare educational attainments. She has been a resident of Honolulu for the past five years, and has resided with her sister and Mr. Krouse at the Bagie and Arlington hotels.

The groom, who is a brother of Wm. Hoogs, came here about six years ago as manager of the California ball team, and at the end of the season returned to the coast with the men, remaining there about a year, when he again came to Honolulu and was engaged as reporter on the Advertiser, remaining with the paper until a year ago, when he became business manager of the Star. For the past three years he has been editor and owner of the monthly Paradise of the Pacific, making it one of the best papers in the country for advertising the beauties of the country and encouraging tourist travel. He is a man of sterling qualities and genial manners, a combination which has won for him many friends where he has lived.

He is well known in San Francisco, where he was engaged in theatrical enterprises and as treasurer of the Bijou and Baldwin theaters for several years before coming to the Islands to reside.

## POLICE COURT ITEMS.

Lau Chong Pays \$800 and Costs  
for Conspiracy.

The case, or rather cases, of most interest in the Police Court yesterday were those of Lay Chong, who was coupled with other Chinamen on the charge of conspiracy.

Lau Chong plead guilty to eight different charges and was sentenced in each case to pay \$100 and costs, and imprisonment at hard labor for one hour. This makes the grand total of \$800 with eight hours' imprisonment at hard labor. Lau Chong has certainly been doing his share toward the support of the Government.

David Irwin, the steamer Kahului sailor, was brought up again on an additional charge of assault and battery on the first officer of that vessel. Defendant plead guilty. Sentence suspended until moved on by the prosecution. At 10:30 a. m. the court adjourned until today out of respect for the bereavement of Judge Hartwell in the death of his beloved wife.

## STABBING AFFRAY.

An Old German Wounds a Companion—In Jail and Hospital.

Nicholas Oldman, an old man 70 years of age, walked into the police station about 7 o'clock last night and complained that two men had attacked him in his residence in the yard in Russian Frank's residence, and requested a warrant for their arrest. He was told that it was too late to get a warrant, and to come around in the morning.

He had been gone but a few minutes when word was received of a stabbing affray in the neighborhood of the place where the man said he lived. Lieutenant Wells started out to investigate, and found a German with seven knife wounds in his abdomen. Learning that Oldman was the aggressor in the conflict, he found him and placed him under arrest. The wounded man was taken to the hospital.

Awarded  
Highest Honors—World's Fair.  
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR.  
**PRICE'S**  
CREAM  
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MOST PERFECT MADE.

pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. All the great Hotels, the leading clubs and the homes, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder holds its supremacy.

40 Years the Standard.

**LEWIS & CO.,**  
Agents, Honolulu, H. I.

## CONVENTION OF Y. P. S. C. E. UNION.

Enthusiastic Meeting at Central  
Union Church.

MANY NATIONALITIES PRESENT.

Addresses by the President and Rev.  
W. H. Hill—Secretary's Report  
Showing Prosperity—Roll Call  
Responded to—Mizpah Benediction.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Hawaiian Islands and all friends of that organization have good cause to be proud of the first annual convention held in Central Union Church last night, for the number of people present and who filled all available sitting space, together with the hearty and enthusiastic spirit which seemed to pervade everything, betokened unanimous approval of the work of the society. Represented in the audience were Hawaiians, Japanese, Chinese, Portuguese and other nationalities.

The convention was opened with a song service led by Miss Grace Richards. Several old and familiar hymns were sung.

Following the opening prayer in Hawaiian by Rev. S. Kapu, was the address of Mr. Lyle Dickey, president of the Y. P. S. C. E., in which the speaker dwelt upon many pertinent remarks in regard to the good work that the society was accomplishing. The meeting or convention was the first that had ever been held on the Islands, but it was a matter of gratification to note its success. The convention was held for the younger Christians to testify to the work of the society, and for the purpose of spreading the impetus of that work broadcast among the people of the Hawaiian Islands.

The society was very young, but it was gaining steadily and surely in strength and was here to stay. The large number of people present outside of the members of the Y. P. S. C. E. represented interest in the work of the Endeavorers. The society had been successful the world over and was sure to bear the same stamp here.

Miss Agnes Judd presented the secretary's report, giving various branches of the society on the Islands and the number of members, both Junior and Senior, in each. Central Union Church had sixty-five members, and Hilo came next with twenty-two active and fifteen associate members.

Then came the roll call of the various societies. Central Union responded with about thirty members, and sang "Blest Be the Tie that Binds." The Junior society recited a verse in concert.

Paia, Maui, was responded to by two ladies and the Junior society by one young man. All three recited verses. Three men stood up when Hilo was called, and likewise repeated a verse. The Kawaihahoe Seminary Society, over thirty strong, rose at the call of their name and sang a short anthem.

In his address on the possibilities of the Christian Endeavor movement in the Hawaiian Islands, Rev. W. H. Hill of Hilo started out with: "If he went not through the narrow how could he come to the broad?" Other similar texts were quoted, and the speaker following out the idea conveyed by these said that nothing came full blown into existence. Wherever there was largeness there must be a prior smallness.

America and the small beginning in the Mayflower was given as an illustration. The Christian Endeavor Society in the Hawaiian Islands was in its infancy and the question as to the possibilities of the society could be answered in this way: That they would be in exact proportion to the manner in which they should be employed. The work was no longer an experiment. It had become an experience. Hawaii was good soil. The toilers were needed.

In reply to a question the speaker had in mind regarding how many it took to constitute a working Christian Endeavor Society, a case was cited of a little girl who, when her father gave her a productive hen, resolved to form a society in company with the representative of the feathered tribe. She elected herself president, vice president, secretary and treasurer of the society. Soon there was a brood of twelve chickens, and the hen became a lay member, besides adding to a fund which gave

the treasurer work to do. The numbers counted for nothing if there was not downright loyalty to the Lord Jesus Christ. It was important to keep in mind that the Y. P. S. C. E. was the halfway house to the church, and a mighty working force as a training school for the church.

The election of officers of the Christian Endeavor Union resulted in the following choices: Mr. Wells, president, Lyle Dickey, vice president, Oahu; Helen Severance, vice president, Hawaii; Kate Watson, vice president, Maui; Mrs. Arms, vice president, Kauai; Agnes Judd, secretary and treasurer.

## MORE GOOD MUSIC.

Kamehameha Intends Giving Another  
Concert Soon.

Worthy Object to Work for—Selections to be Free From the Element of Heaviness.

The news that Kamehameha School intends giving another concert on the evening of Saturday, June 20th, will be received with great pleasure by lovers of music who have upon other occasions listened to the excellent performance of both the young ladies and the boys of the institution.

The proposed concert will be a joint affair, the girls of the seminary and the normal department boys of the institution taking part. Glees, school choruses and one or two funny selections will be given. The concert is to be entirely free from heavy music. Miss Clymer, teacher of music at the girls' school, will have entire charge of the choruses.

But the half has not been told. The proceeds of the concert will be donated toward the support of Hawaiian seminaries, one of the most worthy objects that could have been selected.

Both boys and girls of Kamehameha are getting down to work already and are doing their very best to make the proposed concert the finest one that has ever been held at the institution.

## Y. M. C. A. BUSINESS.

Organization in a Very Prosperous Condition.

The regular monthly meeting of the Y. M. C. A. was held in the association hall last night, with quite a good turnout of members. The usual routine business was carried on.

The report of the acting secretary showed the association in a very prosperous condition. Eleven applications for work had been received during the past month, but the opportunities offered to provide work for these men had been very meagre.

The treasurer's report showed receipts of \$567.05 and expenditures of \$524.92, leaving a balance on hand of \$32.13.

The regular monthly meeting night was changed from Thursday to the first Monday of each month.

Five new members were elected to membership.

## Du Roi-Carroll Nuptials.

Miss Margaret Carroll of New York was married last evening to Carl Du Roi, manager in the dry goods house of B. F. Ehlers & Co. After the wedding a delightful reception was given the newly married couple at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Carter, Nuanu.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

Commissioner Marsden has a tour of Hawaii in contemplation.

A Japanese has applied for permission to open a drug store.

Four hundred Chinese contract laborers are on the S. S. Coptic, now due at this port.

British Commissioner Hawes has scar recovered from his recent severe illness as to be able to return a few calls.

Among the passengers for Honolulu on the R. M. S. S. Monowai last night were W. O. Alken and wife and E. C. Waterhouse.

R. C. L. Perkins, the naturalist, returned from Haleakala on the Kinau yesterday, after a very successful collecting tour.

Genial Jack Weibel, at one time with Theo. H. Davies & Co., came down on the Monowai. He is the most popular salesman that firm ever employed.

C. S. Bradford left Hilo for San Francisco on the bark Annie Johnson. He will return with a stock of goods, furnishing goods and open a store in Hilo.

King street is making a step forward in the way of improvements. The entrance to the Union Art Gallery next the Republic building is beautified by an artistic stained glass electric sign.

George Angus returned from Kauai on the Mikahala yesterday evening. The young man does not want to have it generally known, but he suffered from the terrors of mal de mer on the trip.

The "Trip to Chinatown" company, composed of seventeen members, passed through on the Monowai on their way to the Colonies last night. They were entertained by friends while in the city.

The St. Louis College Literary Society is hard at work on the play entitled "Waiting for the Verdict, or Falsely Accused," by Lyons, of Notre Dame, which will be presented at the College on the evening of June 13th. A rare treat is promised.

Mothers will find Chamberlain's Cough remedy especially valuable for croup and whooping cough. It will give prompt relief and is safe and pleasant. We have sold it for years and it has never failed to give the most perfect satisfaction. G. W. Richards, Duquesne, Pa. Sold by all druggists and dealers Benson, Smith & Co., agents for H. I.

## CELEBRATED THEIR 25TH ANNIVERSARY.

Woman's Board of Missions In  
Annual Session.

WORK OF YEAR REVIEWED.

Treasurer Shows Money Well Spent.  
Mrs. Bishop Tells of Growth of the  
Society—A Very Interesting Anecdote of Mrs. Snow's Experience.

(Communicated.)

The Woman's Board of Missions met in Central Union Church on Tuesday, June 2, to celebrate its twenty-fifth anniversary.

The beautiful flowers and plants arranged by skilful hands, the bright, animated faces, made a pleasant picture.

The president, Mrs. Hyde, called the meeting to order at 10 o'clock. A hymn was sung, Mrs. Hyde read the scripture lesson and made a few appropriate remarks, and Mrs. Birnie offered an earnest prayer.

The morning was occupied with hearing reports from the superintendents of various departments of work in which the Board is interested.

Mrs. Dillingham, the treasurer, told us in her report that since its organization the society has raised \$20,926.10 (this includes a permanent fund of \$880), and has disbursed \$20,758.89. Ever since the organization had a name to live Mrs. Dillingham has been the treasurer. Where we would turn to find one to take her place, no one knows, consequently no one wastes any strength in turning.

Mrs. S. E. Bishop, for more than twenty-two years the faithful and efficient recording secretary, told us in her report that at the first meeting five life members and sixty-two annual members were enrolled. The last annual report has a list of 267 life members. While we have no longer a missionary of our very own in any foreign field, we are reminded that the foreign field is all about us, even at our doors, and that the work we do for the various nationalities in our midst is none the less foreign missionary work, although we are allowed to live at home to do it. The work of the society is among Hawaiians, Chinese, Japanese, Portuguese, and the free kindergarten system was inaugurated by the Woman's Board.

A beautiful lunch was served at 12:30, when a number of guests, gentlemen and ladies, joined us, and a social hour sped quickly by in pleasant conversation.

At the opening of the afternoon session a chorus from the Kamehameha School for Girls sang most delightfully.

An interesting letter was read from Mrs. Church, formerly of Punahou. Miss Chamberlain had prepared a paper of reminiscences, but as she was suffering from a severe cold, Mrs. Hall was asked to read for her. In this interesting sketch we were presented with a vivid picture of Honolulu life twenty-five years ago. She told of the formation of the Woman's Board under the influence of a spirited appeal from Mrs. Snow of Micronesia. Smiles were broad as she reached the time when at a large missionary meeting in the Fort Street Church, after addresses from several missionaries, Mrs. Snow was graciously permitted, as a great concession, to address the congregation from the pulpit steps, a position which was in reality an advantageous one, as the old fashioned box called in those days a pulpit might have concealed her from the people too completely for comfort.

Mrs. J. M. Whitney told in an interesting paper of the growth and of the organization. Mrs. Rice, lovingly called "Mother" by all of us, read an account of the early missionary days. Mrs. Parker and Mrs. Cooke being too feeble to be present, sent loving greetings, written and verbal. Mrs. Gulick was the most aged member of the Board who was able to be present. Mrs. S. N. Castle recalled pleasant memories in a short speech.

Mrs. Turner sang most feelingly the beautiful song, "Ruth and Naomi." We have often heard her sing it, but never more beautifully and impressively than at this time.

The excellent address of the president was full of inspiration for the future. We would gladly give it in outline, but time and space forbid. Mr. and Mrs. Meigs of New York spoke words of encouragement and cheer. Mr. Birnie spoke in his own hopeful and helpful way. F. W. Damon spoke of a world-wide movement for the little ones, a round-the-world kindergarten; Mr. Leadingham of enlarging fields of usefulness, Mr. Soares of Christian kindness and sympathy, and Dr. Hyde finished off the speech making by reminding us of the historic woman's postscript, which forms, so they say, the most important part of her letter, and called the Woman's Board the postscript of mission work. "Woman," he said, "the first to welcome our new Lord, will not be the last to welcome him when he comes in final triumph."

The appropriations for the new year amount to \$1,200.

The list of officers are as follows: President, Mrs. C. M. Hyde, vice presidents, Mrs. J. M. Cooke, Miss M. A. Chamberlain, Mrs. D. P. Birnie, Mrs. S. E. Bishop, Mrs. L. Severance of Hilo, Mrs. Hugh Morrison of Kauai, Mrs. R. W. Logan of Ruk; president Lima-Kokana, Mrs. L. B. Coan; president Gleasons, Mrs. Theo. Richards, recording secretary, Mrs. Geo. P. Andrews; home corresponding secretary, Mrs. W. A. Bowen; foreign corresponding secretary Mrs. A. F. Judd, treasurer, Mrs. B. F. Dillingham; auditor, W. W. Hall, superintendent of Hawaiian work, Miss M. E. Green, superintendent Portuguese, Mrs. Fernandez, superintendent Japanese, Mrs. O. H. Gulick; superintendent Chinese, Mrs. F. W. Damon; trustees of permanent fund, Mrs. J. M. Cooke, Mrs. B. F. Dillingham, Mrs. S. M. Damon.

HARD AT WORK.

Preparations Advancing in Opera  
House—Open in September.

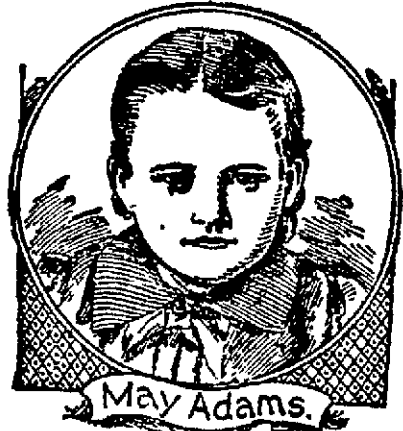
The Opera House will not be ready for the opening performance before September 15th, as it will require all the time until then to complete the interior and prepare sufficient scenery to stage the first piece, which will probably be "Trovatore," by local talent, headed by Mrs. Montague Turner.

Several changes have been made in the original plans for the auditorium which will add to the comfort of the audience. In the original plans the pitch in the pit was by a series of steps not more than six inches high. In all new theatres the pitch is by a gradual slope, for the reason that the crowd, in leaving the theatre after the performance, would not notice the steps and persons would be apt to stumble over them. The Opera House plans have been changed to this later style.

The arrangement of the rows of chairs is absolutely perfect, as there is almost a full view of the stage from any seat in the house, and the stage, by the way, is larger than even the Baldwin Theatre in San Francisco, and the proscenium is larger.

Mr. Porter is engaged painting an oak set comprising fifteen separate pieces, so that the stage may be set in almost any way; if necessary it may be closed entirely on three sides, or may be left open at the sides if wished. Old-style scenery was painted in flats and wings. By mistakes of the scene-shifters a forest wing was sometimes made a part of miliary's boudoir, but by the new method a stage setting may be as perfect as a room in a dwelling.

The Kinau brought news that Kilauea was puffing out smoke in a manner calculated to do one's heart good.



**Hood's is Good  
Makes Pure Blood**

Scrofula Thoroughly Eradicated.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: 'It is with pleasure that I give you the details of our little May's sickness and her return to health by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla. She was taken down with

Fever and a Bad Cough.

Following this a sore came on her right side between the two lower ribs. In a short time another broke on the left side. She would take spells of sore mouth and when we had succeeded in overcoming this she would suffer with attacks of high fever and expel bloody looking corruption. Her head was affected and matter oozed from her ears. After each attack she became

**Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures**

came worse and all treatment failed to give her relief until we began to use Hood's Sarsaparilla. After she had taken one-half bottle we could see that she was better. We continued until she had taken three bottles. Now she looks like

**The Bloom of Health**  
and is as big a pig. We feel grateful, and cannot say too much in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Mrs. A. M. Adams, Indian, Tennessee.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels.

**HOBBON DRUG COMPANY.**  
Wholesale Agents

**BY AUTHORITY.**

THURSDAY, June 11th, 1896, being the commemoration of the birthday of KAMEHAMEHA I., will be observed as a Public Holiday, and all Government Offices throughout the Republic will be closed on that day.

J. A. KING,  
Minister of the Interior  
Interior Office, May 27th, 1896.  
4314-3t 1763-3t

MR. EDWIN OMSTED has this day been appointed a Notary Public for the Fifth Judicial Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands.

J. A. KING,  
Minister of the Interior  
Interior Office, May 26th, 1896  
1763-3t

S. W. WILCOX, ESQ., has this day been appointed Chairman of the Road Board for the Taxation District of Lihue, Island of Kauai, vice St. D. G. Walters, M. D., resigned.

J. A. KING,  
Minister of the Interior  
Interior Office, May 26th, 1896.  
1763-3t



ANCIENT PAPER  
ON LAND MATTERS

Statement of Capt. Adams Relating to His Lands.

WEDDED TO DAVIS' DAUGHTER.

With John Young Used Influence With the King—Became a Great Favorite—Lands Donated Him—He Came Here Before the Missionaries.

In 1846 certain changes were made in the land laws of the Hawaiian Islands, and it became necessary for aliens to make statements concerning the means by which they acquired their holdings, in order that the validity of their claims might be attested. The following from old Captain Adams, who was the original owner of all the land in the vicinity of the Elite Ice Cream Saloon, and what is now known as Adams lane, was made in 1848 and recently found among some old papers. The property mentioned as being at Niu is still in the possession of Captain Adams' descendants.

As I am getting old and infirm and have a large family, I wish, before I die, to give, in the shape of a declaration, some account of myself, of my services, and of my affairs, in order to prevent, as far as lies in my power, doubts and difficulties arising hereafter with regard to my lands, which, I fear, are somewhat placed in jeopardy by the new Sandwich Islands code, as well as by the procrastinating impediments raised by the Land Commissioners in settling claims of old foreign residents handed to them, as mine were, upwards of two years ago.

I was born at Fortarshire, in Scotland, in 1780, and served four years apprenticeship, from my twelfth to sixteenth year of age, in the brig Zephyr, belonging to Messrs. Huxson & Co. of New Castle upon Tyne. I then went two voyages to Calcutta in the East Indian Lord Walshingham. Whilst at the Cape of Good Hope, homeward-bound the second time, I was made second mate of the ship Castle of Good Hope. On appearing before Vice-Admiral Sir Roger Curtis, as seafaring and other men were obliged to do at that period previously to leaving the port, he exclaimed, "Oh! you and I have been shipmates in the Mediterranean; you are a man-of-war's-man." This was a mistake of the Admiral, but it ended in my being sent on board his flagship, the Lancaster, of sixty-four guns, Captain Larkins, who made me captain of the foretop. Afterward I was told that unless I took the bounty money I should not be allowed to keep my rating, or have liberty on shore. I therefore very reluctantly did take the bounty money.

I served about eight years in the Lancaster, on the Cape and India station, off the Isle of France, and at the taking of Monte Video. In 1807 I was drafted into the Elizabeth, of seventy-four guns, Captain the Hon. Henry Curzon, and served in her on the coasts of Spain and Portugal, at Rio Janeiro, and in the river Plate, till 1810.

I came to Woahoo in 1811, in the American ship Albatross, of Boston, Captain Wincheap. We continued our voyage to Columbia river, N. W. Coast, and Canton, and returned to Woahoo, but the war between Great Britain and the United States soon afterward breaking out, I refused to serve any longer under the American flag.

Thereupon I took up my abode on shore, and Mr. John Young, the favorite and adviser of Kamehameha I, became my friend. Not long afterwards the King's Little Fleet, as it was called, was placed under my charge and direction. At one time when sandalwood was plenty it consisted of nine square-rigged vessels, besides fifteen smaller craft. And I leave to others still living on the islands to say with what zeal and good will I labored in superintending the rigging and fitting out and heaving down such of these vessels as from time to time required it. I used to take the King whenever he wished it, with his numerous attendants and followers, from island to island. I carried a broad pennant, the commanders of some of the vessels under my orders being also foreigners.

In 1817 King Kamehameha sent me with the brig Kaahumanu, of 280 tons and 16 guns, with a crew of 48 men, to Atool, to assist in expelling the Russians from that island. This was soon and easily done, and I then proceeded in the same vessel and crew to China, with a cargo of sandalwood, on account of the King, who by a letter consigned the vessel and cargo to the East India Company's servants. I delivered the letter to Mr. Metcalf, the chief supercargo at Canton, and I really believe a finer man never lived. He smiled and said: "Neither you nor your King seem to know much about the East India Company." He was, however, very kind to me, and got Mr. Magniac to do my business and have my vessel repaired, and I got back to Woahoo at the latter end of the year.

Kamehameha I was kind and generous to me, as he was to all foreigners who served him or behaved well; so he was to the natives, who both loved and feared him, for he always encouraged the industrious and scolded at the idle. He gave me, I may say forced upon me, for I did not wish it at the time, one of his own lands, called Niu, with all upon it, situated a little to the eastward of Diamond Hill, a survey or plan of which is in the Consulate and Land Commission. And I was most willingly allowed to take for my wife a relative of Kamehameha, and she dying in childhood, the daughter of Mr. Isaac Davis,

the companion of Mr. Young and also a great favorite of Kamehameha, became my second partner. Separating from her some years afterwards, I married my present wife, by whom I have had eight legitimate children. Altogether I had fifteen children, ten of whom are still living, and I have several grandchildren.

I was at Kairua, Island of O'Whyhee, when the first seven pioneer missionaries and assistant missionaries, with their wives and three Sandwich Islanders, arrived there in 1820, which was about a year after King Rio Rio (Kamehameha II), son and successor to Kamehameha I, had destroyed the idols and done away with heathen tabus. Mr. Young, who was very fond of reading the Bible, had all but persuaded Kamehameha to do so previous to his death. Rio Rio and his chiefs were averse to the missionaries landing and remaining on the islands. But the latter handed to Mr. Young and myself, to read and explain to the chiefs, a pamphlet containing their names and respective trades, and the views of the Missionary Board in sending them to these islands, namely, to convert the natives to Christianity and to practically teach them trades and other handicraft. We thought well of the pamphlets, and were pleased with the meekness and disinterestedness of our new friends, and Mr. Young, at last succeeded, and I lent my might also, in persuading first Karamoku (Wm. Pitt) and afterwards Rio Rio, to consent to their taking up their residence on shore. It was with much difficulty that Mr. Young could induce Karamoku and Rio Rio to believe that the King of England would not be angry with them for permitting American missionaries to live on the islands.

The missionaries then, and for some time afterwards, were very thankful for the good offices and hospitality they gladly received from the old foreign residents in general, joining occasionally in their festive meetings. I mention these things now because it seems to me they ought to be recorded before we all disappear, especially after what has taken place, and is now taking place, respecting the lands of such of us as have refused to abjure our own country, or have not taken the temperance pledge.

I will further here state that until the missionaries obtained political influence, the natives from the highest to the lowest of these islands, were willing and even desirous that foreigners should possess lands and take their daughters for wives. But to return to myself:

I had charge and command of the King's vessels, which dropped off in number as sandalwood decreased, until Rio Rio sailed for England in 1823, when he desired me to remain behind and assist the Governor and act as pilot at Honolulu. My commission as such, signed by the then Prime Minister, Karamoku, is now in the Consulate, as is also another more formal appointment as pilot, in my favor, signed by the present King in September, 1843.

Whilst I was pilot at Honolulu the Government had the use, with my consent, of one of my taro patches, called Keoloea, belonging to my land at Crijil. I applied to the present King, Kamehameha III, at the beginning of 1845, to cause it to be restored to me. The King said, by all means, and accordingly ordered Governor Kekuanoa to comply with my wish. But when I applied to the Governor said he could not do so without Dr. Judd's leave. My son David went to Dr. Judd, who replied: "Go down to Ollammanu (the tax gatherer in charge of the taro patch) and if he wishes to give it up he may; if not he can keep it." Ollammanu said he could not deliver it without Dr. Judd's order, and I have not been able to obtain the taro patch in question to this day.

AUSTRALIA DEPARTS.

Taking With Her a Number of Well-known People.

Some of Whom Will Return and Others of Whom Have Gone For Good.

The popular O. S. S. Australia, Houdlette, commander, sailed for San Francisco shortly after 4 p. m. yesterday, with a large number of passengers, among whom were the following:

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Damon. Mrs. Damon will go East to New Haven, Conn., to be present at the commencement exercises of the class of '96 in Yale, to which her son Edward belongs. Mr. Damon will return home to Honolulu after seeing his wife safely on her journey East.

Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Jones and Miss Jones. Mrs. Jones goes East for several months, and Mr. Jones will return after a short visit. He will go over again when his wife is ready to return.

Mrs. Ralston and Mrs. Hayes, of Oakland, Cal., who have spent several weeks in Honolulu and at the volcano, and who have had given in their honor quite a number of social functions. During their stay in Honolulu they learned quite a little of the Hawaiian language, and likewise the ukulele, which in many places in the States is synonymous with "Hawaii." Both Mrs. Hayes and Mrs. Ralston will be back in December or January.

Miss Bella Weight of Hawaii, who has gone to the States for a vacation until August.

Miss Kitty Vida, who has left Hawaii to become initiated into the mysteries of the same element in England. She goes to be with her grandmother, Mrs. Janton, a wealthy Englishwoman, who at one time was interested in the firm of Theo. H. Davies & Co. Miss Vida will make her home with her grandmother. As the Australia slowly backed out from the Oceanic wharf, Miss Vida, completely covered with leis from her many friends, stood far out upon the bow of the steamer and waved farewell with her ukulele.

Paul Neumann, Jr., who goes direct to England to be initiated into the mysteries of a dissecting room and the peculiar odors of medicines, and who will return to Honolulu to practice.

CANARD FROM THE COAST.

Another Yarn About the Hawaiian National Band.

Pursuant to instruction of the Hawaiian Government, J. F. Soper, Vice-Consul-General of Hawaii, left this city yesterday for Chicago to renew the offer of free transportation, previously declined, to the Hawaiian band, which is stranded there, says the S. F. Chronicle of May 17th. The members of the band arrived in this city twelve months ago for the purpose of making a tour of the United States and Canada, but were abandoned by their manager after a poor season in Chicago. Since that time they have been in very poor circumstances, and it is believed that they will now accept the assistance which they refused to take some months ago.

Inquiry at the Foreign Office proves this to be false in so far as Mr. Soper's Government mission is concerned. He has obtained six weeks' leave of absence for the purpose of going East with his father. The members of the band have not applied for assistance, except in two instances, and none has been offered.

The Volcano.

The condition of the volcano last Friday afternoon was more or less the same as the week previous. There is a very big volume of smoke, which denotes fire, of course. At night the glare is easily seen on the cracks. The lava turns red hot. The surroundings of the crater are so heated that it is almost impossible to walk over the black lava. —Hilo Tribune, May 30.

Now is the time to provide yourself and family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as a safeguard against an attack of bowel complaint during the summer months. It costs but 25 cents and is almost sure to be needed before the summer is over. This remedy never fails, even in the most severe cases, and is in fact the only preparation that can always be depended upon. When reduced with water it is pleasant to take. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for H. I.

MORTUARY REPORT.

The total number of deaths reported for the month of May, 1896, was 65, distributed as follows:

Under 1 year	12	From 30 to 40	9
From 1 to 5	9	From 40 to 50	5
From 5 to 10	1	From 50 to 60	3
From 10 to 20	0	From 60 to 70	0
From 20 to 30	9	Over 70	12
Males	38	Females	27
Hawaiians	39	Great Britain	2
Chinese	7	United States	5
Portuguese	10	Other nationalities	1
Japanese	1		
Total	65		
Unattended	16		
Non-Residents	1		

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY MORTALITY.

May, 1892	49	May, 1895	53
May, 1893	42	May, 1896	58
May, 1894	44		

CAUSE OF DEATH.

Apoplexy	1	Heart Disease	1
Accident	1	Heart failure	2
Asthma	1	Inanition	1
Bronchitis	1	Lung Disease	1
Bright's Disease	1	Mania	1
Consumption	6	Nephritis	1
Childbirth	1	Old age	8
Cancer	1	Paralysis	4
Diarrhoea	4	Pneumonia	3
Dysentery	2	Peritonitis	1
Dropsy	3	Septicemia	2
Drowned	1	Tumor	1
Enteritis	1	Unknown	4
Fever	2	Uraemia	1
Fever, Typhoid	1	Whooping Cough	4
Gastritis	1		

DEATHS BY WARDS.

Wards	1	2	3	4	5	Out
Deaths	8	15	15	15	12	0
Annual death rate per 1000 for month	27.85					
Hawaiians	44.67					
Asians	19.18					
All other nationalities	20.70					

C. B. RETZOLD, Agent Board of Health.



POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED

WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.

ALL THE WORLD OVER, THE RECORD IS MADE BY THE CURE OF THE COUGH BY POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED.

20,000 CHURCHES SELL IT.

Those who have not already given it a trial should do so at once.

IN PALACE AND COTTAGE ALIKE, POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED IS THE ONLY AND UNRIVALLED REMEDY.

IT CURES THE PHEGEM IMMEDIATELY. LIGHT COUGH QUICKLY BELIEVED. SEE TRADE MARK AT ABOVE ON EACH WRAPPER.

BEFORE IMITATIONS. ESTABLISHED 1824. SQUATTERS AND FARMERS WHEN ORDERING, THEY SHOULD NOT OMIT THIS TRADE-MARKED COUGH REMEDY.

FOR A COUGH. POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED. FOR ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, &c.

SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STOREKEEPERS THROUGHOUT THE AUSTRALIAN, NEW ZEALAND AND CAPE COLONIES. Bottles 1s. 1d. and 1s. 6d.

Agents for Hawaiian Islands: HOLLISTER DRUG CO., L.D. BENSON, SMITH & CO. HOBSON DRUG CO.

Notice of Sale Under Decree of Foreclosure and Sale.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Judicial Circuit, Republic of Hawaii, in Equity. JAMES J. H. FISHER, Plaintiff, vs. CECIL BROWN, Administrator of the Estate of Walter Murray Gibson, and Trustee of the Estate of said Walter Murray Gibson, Defendants. The Court do hereby decree that the property described in the above entitled suit and Court, May 11th, A. D. 1896, notice is hereby given that the property hereunder described will be sold at public auction at the Court House (Alifanali Hale) in Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Hawaiian Islands, on WEDNESDAY, August 28th, at 12 o'clock Noon, said sale to be confirmed by said Circuit Court.

LIST OF THE PROPERTY.

(1) The following in said Honolulu located in the Excelsior Building, west of the Judiciary Building, adjoining the Opera House and having a frontage on King, Mililani and Queen Streets, described as follows:

First.—On King Street 161.5 feet; on west side of the Opera House 128 feet; on the rear (back) end of the Opera House 70 feet; on Mililani street 261 feet; from the end of the Opera House to Queen Street; thence on Queen Street 242.5 feet; thence from Queen Street to King Street 362.2 feet with a right of way 4.7 feet wide from Richard Street into lot and containing an area of 169,125 sq. feet more or less. The above property consisting of:

First.—Of all those parcels of land on King Street in Honolulu, comprising the homestead of said W. M. Gibson mentioned in deed of Chas. T. Gulick, Administrator, dated January 5th, 1882, of record in Liber 70, folio 448.

Second.—That parcel of land in the rear of Music Hall in Honolulu, mentioned in deed from G. W. Keaweamahi to W. M. Gibson, dated Jan. 8th, 1884, of record in Liber 87, folio 229.

Third.—Those parcels of land on Queen Street in Honolulu, described in Royal Patent 6778, Apana I, L. C. A. 8515 and in deed of Emma Kaleleumalani and others to W. M. Gibson dated May 13th, 1884, of record in Liber 92, folio 62.

Fourth.—Those parcels of land on Queen Street in Honolulu, mentioned in mortgage from Kalo and Kalaina to B. Borres, dated August 25th, 1878, of record in Liber 55, folio 450-452.

(2) Also: All the following property in Lahaina, Island of Maui:

First.—That parcel of land at Lahaina known as the Pa Halekauamali mentioned in deed of Emma Kaleleumalani and others to W. M. Gibson dated May 13th, 1884, of record in Liber 92, folio 62.

Second.—That parcel of land at Lahaina being a part of L. C. A. 2320 mentioned in deed from Kalo and Kalaina to W. M. Gibson dated Nov. 4, 1879, of record in Liber 62, folio 102.

Third.—Those parcels of land at Lahaina described in L. C. A. 85198, Royal Patent 1876, and in Royal Patent 1195.

Also: All of the property on the Island of Lanai forming part of the Lanai Ranch, so-called, belonging to the Estate of W. M. Gibson, and consisting of the following property, to-wit:

LANDS IN FEE SIMPLE.

First.—All that tract of land, known as the Ahupuaa of Patawai, containing 5897 1/2 acres, described in Royal Patent No. 2683, and in deed from L. Halealea, Liber 16, folios 284 and 285.

Second.—All that tract of land known as the Ahupuaa of Kealahakapa, containing 1829 acres, described in Royal Patent 7144, conveyed to said W. M. Gibson by deed of J. O. Dominis, Guardian, dated March 9, 1897, of record in Liber 23, folio 167.

Third.—All that tract of land, known as the Ahupuaa of Maunalei, containing 3442.88 acres, described in Royal Patent 6775, conveyed to said W. M. Gibson by deed of A. J. Cartwright, executor above named.

Fourth.—All that tract of land described in Royal Patent 6565, containing 128 acres, conveyed to said W. M. Gibson by deed of William Beder, dated September 27, 1876, of record in Liber 43, folio 869.

Fifth.—All of those tracts of land described in Royal Patent 3029, containing an area of 238.68 acres, and all the title conveyed by deed of Kealihehu and others to W. M. Gibson, dated August 20, 1876, of record in Liber 46, folio 350, and in deed of Kealahua to W. M. Gibson, dated December 7, 1877, of record in Liber 51, folio 389, and in deed from Kealahua to W. M. Gibson, dated August 23, 1876, of record in Liber 46, folio 329.

Sixth.—All those parcels of land conveyed to said W. M. Gibson by deed of Uilama Pashao and another, dated November 27, 1888, recorded in Liber 118, folio 53, and described in Land Commission Award 8556, Royal Patent 5137, containing 89 acres more or less.

Seventh.—All that land described in Royal Patent 6565, containing 128 acres, conveyed to said W. M. Gibson by deed of Punaui, by deed dated April 24, 1884, recorded in Liber 20, folio 24.

Eighth.—All that land described in Land Commission Award 8417 B, conveyed by Kamaika and others to W. M. Gibson by deed dated March 7, 1865, recorded in Liber 19, folio 27.

Ninth.—All that land described in Land Commission Award 10,038, containing 772-100 acres, conveyed by Kalo to W. M. Gibson, by deed dated June 2, 1865, of record in Liber 19, page 407.

Tenth.—All that land described in L. C. A. 4317, conveyed by Mahoe and others to W. M. Gibson, by deed dated January 30, 1867, and recorded in Liber 24, folio 262.

Eleventh.—All that land described in Royal Patent 4766 conveyed by Keaweamahi and Wahie to W. M. Gibson, by deed dated June 25, 1874, of record in Liber 33, folio 398.

Twelfth.—All that land described in Royal Patent No. 4767, L. C. A. 10,041, conveyed by John S. Gibson to W. M. Gibson, by deed dated July 17, 1876, of record in Liber 47, folio 49.

Thirteenth.—All that land described in Royal Patent 838, to Kaina conveyed by K. Kaina, to W. M. Gibson, by deed dated July 25, 1865, recorded in Liber 55, folio 128.

Fourteenth.—All other lands on said Island of Lanai of which the said W. M. Gibson was seized, possessed or entitled to on the 14th day of August, 1882, and the 31st day of August, 1887.

LEASEHOLDS.

First.—Lease No. 167 from the Hawaiian Government of Paomai containing 9078 acres, and of Kamohi, containing 9291 acres, expiring January 1, 1918, annual rental \$500, payable semi-annually in advance.

ing 7973 acres, expiring November 1, 1907, annual rental \$100, payable semi-annually in advance.

Fourth.—Lease No. 279 of Kaula, containing 7860 acres, expiring February 9, 1907, annual rental \$250, payable semi-annually in advance.

Fifth.—All other leaseholds on the Island of Lanai, held by W. M. Gibson on the 31st day of August 1887, so far as the same may be assigned without incurring any forfeiture.

PERSONAL PROPERTY.

As follows: The sheep, cattle and horses belonging to the said estate of W. M. Gibson depar- ing on said Island of Lanai, numbering 24,000 sheep, more or less, 550 cattle, more or less, 700 horses, more or less; also all wool presses, wagons, carts, harnesses, tools, implements, chattels, household furniture and effects belonging to the estate of W. M. Gibson, situate on said Island of Lanai.

OTHER PROPERTY.

First.—Mortgage from Kalo and Kalaina to said W. M. Gibson, dated March 15, 1878, of record in Liber 108, folios 55-57, to secure the sum of \$1000, and also the note and debt secured thereby.

Second.—Mortgage from Kalo and Kalaina to Mrs. B. Borres, dated August 29, 1878, of record in Liber 55, folios 450-2, to secure the sum of \$500, and also the note and debt secured thereby, assigned to W. M. Gibson by assignment of record in Liber 105, folio 189.

TERMS OF SALE, ETC.

The property comprising the Lanai Ranch will be sold as a whole after the Maui and Honolulu properties.

The land of Kalulu on the Island of Lanai, now held by the estate of W. M. Gibson as tenant-in-trust, will be turned over to the purchaser of the Lanai property, without charge.

All purchases at the above sale to be cash in U. S. Gold Coin. Deeds at the expense of the purchasers.

Maps of the property to be sold can be seen at the Hawaiian safe Deposit and Investment Company, 408 Fort Street, Honolulu, and for further information apply to the undersigned.

P. C. JONES, Receiver, Office with the Hawaiian safe Deposit and Investment Company, Dated Honolulu, May 25, 1896.

Hawaiian Fertilizing Company

Importers, Dealers and Manufacturers of

All Kinds of Fertilizers

Phosphates, Potash and Ammonia, Separately or in Compounds. In quantities to suit. Correspondence and order solicited.

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CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY

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Carriage Builder

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All orders from the other Islands in the Carriage Building, Trimming and Painting Line will meet with prompt attention.

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128 AND 130 FORT ST.

AT GAZETTE OFFICE.

PACIFIC HARDWARE Co.

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Agents for DEERE & Co.

The largest Plow manufacturers in the world.

The "Secretary" Disc Plow

The Secretary Disc Plow is already an established success. A supply is expected at an early day, as also Rice Plows, Breakers, etc., manufactured specially for this country.

THE VACUUM OILS

The best Lubricants manufactured.

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The latest patterns just received from the factory.

Slack & Brownlow's Filters

Twenty years' experience has failed to produce so good a water purifier.

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TO HONOLULU!

SAVE YOUR TRAVELING EXPENSES BY PURCHASING YOUR

Dry Goods

AT L. B. KERR'S

If you are not coming to Honolulu send for patterns and quotations. Your orders will be attended to quite as well as if you selected the articles yourself.

JUST RECEIVED: A complete assortment of French Muslins, French Chals, Black Alpaccas, Black and Colored Cashmeres, Serges, Ribbons, Laces, Flowers, Linen Handkerchiefs, Table Napkins, Linen Damasks, bleached and unbleached, Bedspreads, Blankets and Sheetings.

Also a fine range of Men's Suits and Trousers.

A Single Yard or Article at Wholesale Prices

L. B. KERR, Queen Street, Honolulu.

For Twenty Years

We have been tailoring at moderate prices.

Twenty years of experience to profit by.

Our KNOWLEDGE of CLOTHES for

has STYLE, FIT, and WORKMANSHIP, have

stood the test as the liberal patronage

we have received assures us of that

fact.

We have just received our fall



## SPECIAL SESSION BOARD OF HEALTH

Important Matters Considered in  
Executive Session.

### JAPANESE WANT DRUG STORE.

C. A. Brown to Visit the States—Will Enforce Law Regarding Health Certificates—Dr. Alvarez Made a Member of Leper Examining Board.

After the executive session, lasting nearly an hour, the Board of Health met yesterday in special session, the meeting being held one day in advance of the regular time, owing to the departure of C. A. Brown, a member of the Board, to the United States.

Dr. Monsarrat's report for the month of May showed a decrease of 14 women from the list of registered prostitutes. This shows ninety-seven on the list as of June 1st.

An application from Isaburo Hirano for license to establish a drug store in Honolulu. The application was endorsed in a letter from Consul-General Shimamura, certifying that Mr. Hirano was a man of excellent moral character and that he has been a druggist in Tokio, Japan, for twenty-two years. The petition was referred to the medical members of the Board of Health for investigation.

Dr. Alvarez was made a member of the leper examining board, to act during the absence of Dr. Wood.

A report of the action of the Board of Health in 1884, relative to the necessity of action in examining school children and the issuance of health certificates, was read.

Dr. Day thought no improvement could be made in the present law. It was simply a matter of carrying it out.

Dr. Emerson said the trouble was rather in the fact that when children heard that an examination was to take place they absented themselves from school.

Dr. Day thought the teachers were responsible for such cases. He suggested that a circular letter be sent to every teacher on the islands informing them of the law in such cases. The summer vacation was close at hand and the examinations should be made and the pupils vaccinated before the end of September. A resolution to this effect was offered and carried.

Physicians in each district on the islands will be instructed to furnish a list of names of such pupils as managed to evade them at the time of examination.

### WILL PLAY ON SUNDAY.

Band Concert to be Given at Kaplani Park.

Minister Cooper Decides to Make the Experiment—Residents do Not Object.

On Sunday afternoon Prof. Berger and his boys will give a band concert at Makee Island.

The advisability of holding Sunday band concerts has been agitating the minds of the Executive, and particularly Minister Cooper, for some time past. There was no doubt that a large proportion of the population of the city would be highly gratified. But the great question was whether the music would be a nuisance to the remaining citizens. Finally Minister Cooper consulted the residents in the vicinity of Kaplani to know if there would be any objection to an occasional Sunday band concert in that vicinity. There was not one dissenting voice, consequently on Sunday next the experiment will be tried.

In speaking of this new departure to a representative of this paper, Minister Cooper said:

"Although I appreciate the fact that some people may object to the Sunday concert, it is my place as a public official to do that which is best for the community as a whole. The band concerts are not the result of legislative action, and hence if they become a nuisance I shall have them discontinued. The concert will begin at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon, and if there is any tendency to carousing there will be no more Sunday band concerts. The program for the day has been carefully selected and there is no reason why the people of the city who often take a Sunday afternoon ride cannot pass a few hours very pleasantly and profitably in the park.

"The scheme is an experiment. If it is a success and the people request it an occasional concert may be given at the usual places in the city. There will be no concerts on Sunday evening. The

first concert I shall attend myself to note the character and behavior of the crowd. I have no desire to turn Sunday into a gala day or to countenance the action of certain classes who may go to the band to 'whoop it up.' If anything of this kind occurs there will be no more Sunday band concerts if I can prevent it. If those who attend are orderly and appreciative as I anticipate they will be, I see no reason why the concerts may not become a very entertaining and profitable feature."

### CHILDREN'S READING CLUB.

Something New in Literary Work at Punahou Preparatory.

Two years ago a "Reading Club for Children" was formed, holding meetings at first fortnightly and later weekly at the Punahou Preparatory School. The object of the club is to introduce children by simple and attractive means to the classics of the world.

Tales of ancient Greece were first chosen, notable among them being the story of Troy and the wanderings of Ulysses. Perhaps the tableaux given by the club last year illustrating the Story of Troy may be remembered.

This year the club has read the Story of Aeneas, and before going on to the next subject (probably stories from Plato) to be taken up next fall, the children wish to represent this story to their friends by tableaux. Miss Millard, who has conducted the club the greater part of this year, has worked most efficiently to help them carry out this plan. On Saturday next, at 4 p. m., by the payment of 50 cents at the gate of the Punahou Preparatory School, you may enter a charmed realm, where you may see the "pious Aeneas," his "fidus Achates," the "aged Anchises," "little Julius," and mayhap the shade of Creusa. Queen Dido will languish before you, and fair ladies, noble heroes, muses, gods and goddesses will appear, if not as in days of yore, at least according to the latest approved manner.

### HAPPIEST OF ALL.

There is no time in the twenty-four hours when one ought to feel so thoroughly satisfied and content as immediately after a good, hearty meal. And all healthy persons do feel so. The body's demands have been met and we are easy and comfortable, as though we had paid off an old dun and had money left. We are accessible, humane and good natured. Then, if ever, we will grant a request without grumbling. "True benevolence," says a crusty old friend of mine, "is located in a capable stomach recently filled."

Yes, but what of the incapable stomachs, of which there are so many?—stomachs that disappoint and plague their owners, till the act of feeding, so delightful to others, becomes an act to avoid the necessity of which they are almost willing to die? Ah, that is quite another thing. These poor souls are they who say, as Miss Wallace says in this letter of hers, "I was no longer to be counted among those who have pleasure in eating. Far from it. As for me, I was afraid to eat. I felt the need of food, of course—the weakness and sinking that accompanied abstinence—but what was I to do? The moment I ate my distress and pain commenced. No matter how light the repast was, nor how careful I was not to hurry in taking it, the result was the same. The distress and gnawing pains followed, with discomfort in the chest and a sense of choking, as if some bits of food had lodged there and were irritating me."

"So objectionable and repugnant to me was the act of eating that for days together I didn't touch solid food, subsisting entirely on milk and soda water. Owing to this enforced lack of nourishment I got extremely weak, and about as thin as I could be. I must not forget to say that this happened to me, or rather it began to happen, in July, 1886, when I was living at Wellington, in Shropshire. It came on, as you may say, gradually, and not with any sudden or acute symptoms. I found myself low, languid and tired. Then came the failure of my appetite and the other things I have named.

"I took the usual medicines for indigestion, but they had no good effect. After six months' experience of this kind of misery I read in a book about Mother Seigel's Syrup as a remedy for this disease, and got a bottle from Mr. Bates, the chemist in Wellington. Having used it a few days I felt great relief, and when I had consumed two bottles I was entirely well. Since then I have heartily commended Mother Seigel's Syrup to many friends, who have invariably been cured, as I was. You have my permission to publish my letter, if you desire to do so." (Signed) Minnie Wallace, Nurse, The Union Workhouse, Oldham, February 22d, 1895.

In a communication dated January 8th, 1895, Mrs. Henrietta McCallum, of 40 Downsfield Road, Walthamstow, near London, states that her daughter Emma fell ill in the spring of 1888 with the same symptoms described by Miss Wallace. She craved food, yet when it was placed before her she turned from it almost with loathing. "As time went on," so runs the mother's letter, "my daughter became so weak she could hardly walk. Neither home medicines nor those of the doctors did any good. Her sufferings continued for over eight years.

"In June, 1894, she began taking Mother Seigel's Syrup, of which we had just read in a little book that was left at the house. In a week she was better, and in less than two months she was enjoying better health than ever before. She has since allied nothing, and can eat any kind of food." (Signed) Mrs. Henrietta McCallum.

"Happily," says Homer, "were they who fell under the high walls of Troy." Happier are they who have never fallen under the crushing weight of indigestion or dyspepsia. Happiest, perhaps, of all are they who have been lifted up by Mother Seigel's remedy and placed where once again they can eat, drink and be merry. And if all these could be gathered together they would make a greater host than the Greek poet ever dreamed of.

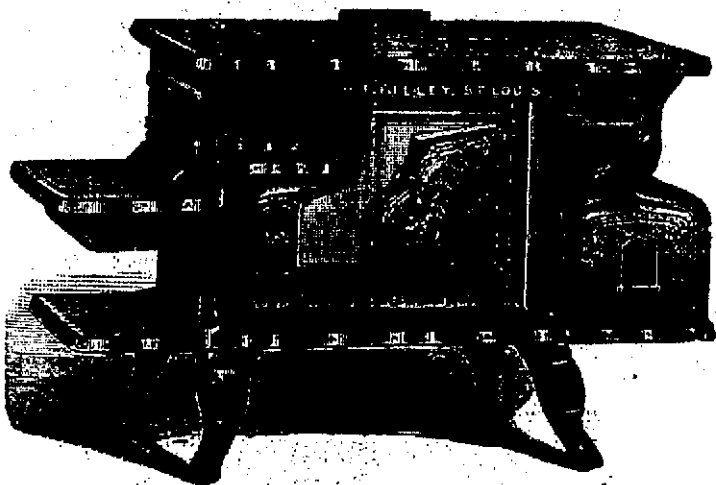


## The Secret of a Beautiful Skin

Soft white hands, shapely nails, and luxuriant hair with clean wholesome scalp is found in the perfect action of the PORES produced by CUTICURA SOAP, the most effective skin purifier and beautifier in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery.

Sole greater than the combined sales of all other skin and complexion soaps both foreign and domestic. Sold throughout the world. British depot: F. N. F. & Sons, 1, King Edward-st., London, E.C. For Sale in Honolulu, C. C. & Co., Sole Proprietors, Boston, U. S. A.

## JOHN NOTT,



## Wrought Steel Ranges, Chilled Iron Cooking Stoves

### HOUSEKEEPING GOODS:

Agate Ware (White, Gray and Nickel-plated), Pumps, Water and Soil Pipes, Water Closets and Urinals, Rubber Hose and Lawn Sprinklers, Bath Tubs and Steel Sinks, O. S. Gutters and Leaders, Sheet Iron Copper, Zinc and Lead, Lead Pipe and Pipe Fittings.

PLUMBING, TIN, COPPER, AND SHEET IRON WORK.  
Diamond Block. 75-79 King Street.

## Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.

G. N. WILCOX, President. T. MAY, Auditor.  
J. F. HACKFELD, Vice-President. E. SUHR, Secretary and Treasurer.  
P. O. BOX 484. MUTUAL TEL. 467.

WE ARE PREPARED TO FILL ALL ORDERS FOR

## Artificial = Fertilizers.

ALSO CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

Pacific Guano, Potash, Sulphate of Ammonia, Nitrate of Soda, Calcined Fertilizer, Salts, Etc., Etc.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our Agricultural Chemist.

ALL GOODS ARE GUARANTEED IN EVERY RESPECT.

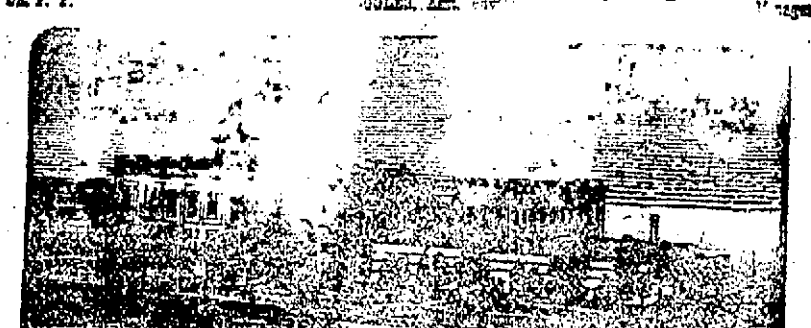
For further particulars apply to

## PACIFIC GUANO AND FERTILIZER COMPANY.

DR. W. AVERDAM, Manager.

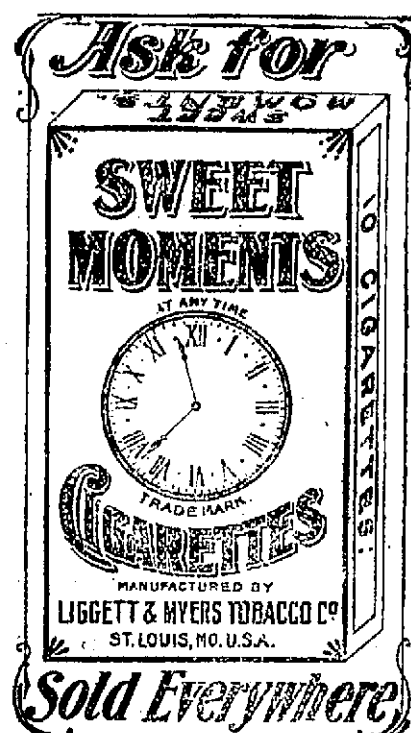
## The PACIFIC HOSPITAL STOCKTON, CAL.

DR. P. P. THE MANAGEMENT OF THE HOSPITAL.



PRIVATE HOSPITAL for the CARE and TREATMENT of MENTAL and NERVOUS DISEASES, MORPHINE and COCAINE HABITS.

THE Proprietary Institution known as The Pacific Hospital is especially devoted to the care and treatment of Mental and Nervous Diseases. The buildings are spacious and comfortable, situated in the suburbs of Stockton, and surrounded by attractive grounds of 40 acres in extent with cultivated gardens and pleasant walks. Its advantages over public institutions in facility of admission and procuring extra accommodations, if required, are obvious. For terms and other particulars apply to the Management. REFERENCES: DR. L. C. LANE, San Francisco; DR. W. H. MATE, S. F. ex-Supt. Ins. Asylum; DR. R. A. McLEAY, San Francisco; DR. L. S. TITUS, San Francisco; DR. G. A. SHULTZ, Supt. State Insane Asylum.



HOLLISTER & COMPANY,  
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.  
4273 1749-2m

## Art Goods.

The demand for colors, both water and oil is the surest indication of a refined taste among the ladies of the Islands. We are in a position to supply the demand.

A full supply of colors, brushes, oils, varnish and canvas always on hand.

Picture framing, satisfactory picture framing, is due largely to the taste displayed in the selection of mouldings that will harmonize with the picture. We have the taste and mouldings. Let us give you a suggestion.

## King Bros.,

HOTEL STREET.

CONSOLIDATED

SODA WATER WORKS CO., L'D.

Esplanade, Cor. Fort and Allen Sts.

HOLLISTER & CO.,  
Agents.

## H. Hackfeld & Co.

Are just in receipt of large importations by their iron bark "Paul Isenberg" and "J. O. Pöpper" from Europe and by a number of vessels from America, consisting of a large and

Complete Assortment

## DRY GOODS

Such as Prints, Gingham, Cottons, Sheetings, Denims, Tickings, Regattas, Drills, Mosquito Netting, Curtains, Lawns.

A FINE SELECTION OF

Dress Goods, Zephyrs, Etc.,

IN THE LATEST STYLES.  
A splendid line of Flannels, Black and Colored, Serges and Cashmeres, Satine, Velvets, Plushes, Grapes, Etc.

## Tailors' Goods.

A FULL ASSORTMENT.  
Silesias, Sleeve Linings, Stiff Linen, Italian Cloth, Molesters, Meltons, Serge, Kammergarns, Etc.

## Clothing, Underwear, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats, Umbrellas, Rugs and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroideries, Cutlery, Perfumery, Soaps, Etc.

## A Large Variety of Saddles,

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Reclining & Seiler Pianos, Iron Bedsteads, Etc., Etc.

American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters, Oils and Paints, Candles, Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages.

Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrapping Paper, Barrels, Filter-press Cloth, Roofing plates, Square and Aitch Firebricks, Lubricating Grease.

Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized Iron (best and 3d best), Galvanized Corrugated Iron, Steel Rails (18 and 20), Railroad Bolts, Spikes and Fishplates.

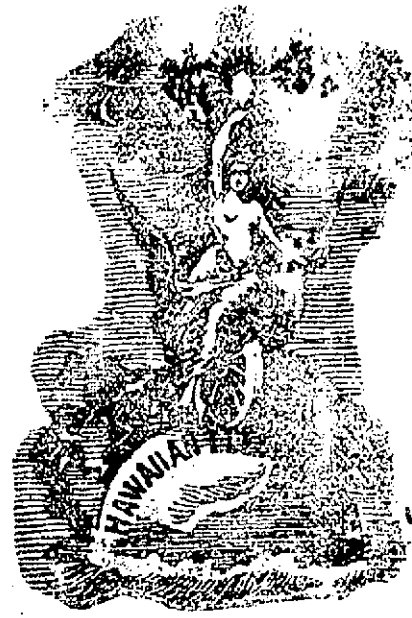
Railroad Steel Sleepers, Market Baskets, Demijohns and Corks.

Also, Hawaiian Sugar and Rice; Golden Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Merchant's and El Dorado Flour, Salmon, Corned Beef, Etc.

For Sale on the Most Liberal Terms and at the Lowest Prices by

H. HACKFELD & CO.

The Daily Advertiser, 75 cents a month. Delivered by carrier.



A Model Plant is not complete without Electric Power, thus dispensing with small engines.

Why not generate your power from one CENTRAL Station? One generator can furnish power to your Pump, Centrifugals, Elevators, Flows, Railways and Hoists; also furnish light and power for a radius of from 15 to 24 miles.

Electric power being used saves the labor of hauling coal in your field, also water, and does away with high-priced engineers, and only have one engine to look after in your mill.

Where water power is available it costs nothing to generate Electric Power.

THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC COMPANY is now ready to furnish Electric Plants and Generators of all descriptions at short notice, and also has on hand a large stock of motors, transformers and all Electrical Goods.

All orders will be given prompt attention, and estimates furnished for Lighting and Power Plants; also attention is given to House and Marine Wiring.

THEO. HOFFMAN, Manager.



DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S  
CHLORODYNE.

Original and Only Genuine.  
COUGHS,  
COLDS,  
ASTHMA,  
BRONCHITIS.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD, stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was a deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 13, 1886.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. It is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, report that it ACTS as a CHARM, one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in Neuralgia, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

Important Caution.—The Immense Sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N.B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sold in bottles 1s. 1d., 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d., by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer,  
J. T. DAVENPORT,  
33 Great Russell St. London, W. C.

## J. S. WALKER,

General Agent the Hawaiian Islands,

## Royal Insurance Company.

Alliance Assurance Company, Alliance Marine and General Insurance Company.

## WILHELM OF MAGDEBURG

INSURANCE COMPANY,  
San Life Insurance Company of Canada,  
Scottish Union and National Union.

Room 12, Spreckels' Block, Honolulu, H. I.

## HEADS

BUSINESS COLLEGE,  
24 Post Street, - - San Francisco,  
FOR SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS

This college instructs in Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Telegraphy, Penmanship, Drawing, all the English branches and everything pertaining to business for full six months. We have 16 teachers and give individual instruction to all our pupils.

A Department of Electrical Engineering Has been established under a thoroughly qualified instructor. The course is thoroughly practical. Send for circular.

G. S. HALEY, Secretary.

RUBBER STAMPS OF ALL KINDS AT GAZETTE OFFICE.



# CROWNED CZAR OF ALL RUSSIANS.

Moscow's Big Official Circus  
Ends Brilliantly

## PARDONS GRANTED TO PRISONERS

Anarchy Bolgers at Crete - Turks  
Murder Christians - Coward by Ap-  
proach of Foreign Warships - Brit-  
ish Fleet on the Way to Crete.

MOSCOW, May 26.—His Majesty, Em-  
peror Nicholas Alexandrovitch, au-  
thor of all the Russians, and Her Majes-  
ty, the Empress Alexandra Feodorov-  
na, were solemnly crowned today in  
the Cathedral of the Assumption with  
the utmost ceremony and in accordance  
with all the religious forms and ancient  
rites.

## CZAR'S MANIFESTO.

Sets Prisoners Free and Reduces Land  
Tax.

MOSCOW, May 26.—The Czar's man-  
ifesto, issued upon the occasion of his  
coronation, remits all arrears of taxes  
in European Russia and Poland, re-  
duces the land tax by one-half for ten  
years, and remits or reduces all fines,  
quashes all petty convictions involving  
imprisonment or fines up to 300 roubles,  
with the exception of persons sentenced  
for robbery, embezzlement, usury, ex-  
tortion, fraudulent bankruptcy or of-  
fenses against honor.

## DEPART IN PEACE.

Czar and Czarina Leave the Throne  
Room.

MOSCOW, May 27.—The Czar and the  
Czarina left the throne room of the  
Kremlin today surrounded by the court,  
received deputations from the nobility,  
municipal bodies and the clergy. Alto-  
gether about 1,200 persons offered their  
congratulations to their majesties. The  
Zemstvos presented bread and salt and  
the clergy icons and splendid tripshirts,  
with images of St. Nicholas, Alexandra  
and Olga, which the Czar kissed. His  
majesty wore the uniform of the Chas-  
seurs of the Guard and the Czarina  
wore a white robe and corona.

## THE "HUSTLER."

Frank Burton, the "Americau  
Hustler" is on board the Monowai  
on his trip around the world.

Frank H. Burton, otherwise known as  
"The American Hustler," who is  
traveling around the world on a wager,  
arrived in San Francisco recently. Mr.  
Burton left the Mayor's office in New  
York at noon on January 8th without a  
penny in his pocket and only the clothes  
he wore for his luggage. Richard K. Fox  
of the Police Gazette is his backer and has  
wagered \$10,000 with James McMahon, a well-  
known sporting man in New York, that Bur-  
ton will tour the trip in eighteen months.  
The conditions of the wager are that Bur-  
ton will not spend any money and that he  
will land in Boston with three full suits of  
clothes and \$1,000 in cash.

The traveler has \$568 of the required  
money. Since leaving New York he has  
lived and traveled in the very best style.  
He has enjoyed three square meals a day, and says that he could have  
had more had he wanted them. "I have  
stopped at the best hotels," said the voyager  
yesterday, "and lived on the fat of the land."  
The first dollar I got was given me by John  
H. Farrell, proprietor of the Albany Times-Union,  
and the second I received from a Pitts-  
burg traveling man named Charles R. Farrar.  
John Mack, proprietor of the White House in  
Albany, gave me \$25 for shining his shoes. The  
railroads were the hardest games to beat, but  
I never failed to travel in Pullmans. I was  
stalled in Ogden for five weeks, during three  
of which I was laid up with a cold contracted  
in Cripple Creek. George Watts, the Parson  
Davies of Ogden, staked me to a ticket to San  
Francisco, and Julia Mitchell and Sadie Mc-  
Donald of "The Trip to China-town" com-  
pany, old friends of mine, saw that I did not  
want for anything. They gave me a good time,  
too. I am an old theatrical man myself, and  
was out here some years ago with Ed. Har-  
igan. I played the "copper" in "Rally and the  
400."

"From here I will go to Australia, and  
then over to Hongkong. From the Orient I  
will go through the Suez canal, and then do  
the continent. I rely on my theatrical con-  
nections to help me through. I have not yet  
decided upon the hotel at which I will stop.  
I made most of my money giving exhibi-  
tions of myself and my dog Nora. I gave the  
dog this morning to George Primrose of the  
minstrels, as I was afraid to take him over  
on the other side."—S. F. Examiner.

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

### ARRIVALS.

Tuesday, June 2  
Stmr. Kinau, Clarke, from Maui and  
Hawaii ports.  
Stmr. Kaala, Thompson, from Oahu  
ports.  
Am. bk R. P. Rithet, Morrison, from  
San Francisco.  
Am. bk W. H. Diamond, Nilson,  
ports, at 4 p. m.

Wednesday, June 3.  
Stmr. Iwalani Smythe, from La-  
haina.  
Stmr. Kaena, Calway, from Oahu  
ports.

Thursday, June 4.  
Stmr. James Makee, Peterson, from  
Kauai.  
Stmr. Mikahala, Haglund, from Kauai  
ports.  
Stmr. James Makee, Peterson, from  
Kapaa.  
Am. bk Wm. G. Irwin, Schmidt, from  
San Francisco.

R. M. S. S. Monowai, Carey, for the  
Colonies, at 9 a. m.

### DEPARTURES.

Tuesday, June 2.  
Stmr. W. G. Hall, Simerson, for Maui  
and Hawaii ports.  
Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, for Maui  
ports.  
Stmr. James Makee, Peterson, for  
Kauai ports.  
Stmr. Likelike, Weir, for Hawaii  
ports.  
Stmr. Wailaleale, Gregory, for Kila-  
uea, Kailihai and Hualalei.

Wednesday, June 3.  
Stmr. Hawaii, Fitzgerald, for Hawaii  
ports.  
O. S. S. Australia, Houdlette, for San  
Francisco.  
Am. bk Wm. G. Irwin, Williams, for  
San Francisco.

Thursday, June 4.  
Stmr. Kaena, Calway, for Oahu ports.  
Stmr. James Makee, Peterson, for  
Kapaa.

### PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.  
From Maui and Hawaii ports, per  
Stmr. Kinau, June 2.—H. R. Hitchcock,  
E. N. Hitchcock, F. E. Hime, Mrs. G.  
K. Wilder, Mrs. J. R. Wilson, Miss  
Weight, H. L. Achilles, J. W. Mason,  
W. L. Hardy, W. W. Bruner, T. R.  
Keyworth, H. C. Austin, Father Bon-  
ventura, Rev. C. W. Hill, Rev. S. L.  
Desha, Rev. S. K. Babbest, Rev. C. M.  
Kamakawiole, J. R. Holt, wife and  
daughter, Miss A. Winter, Miss J. Ho-  
rner, C. McLenan, C. J. Falk, J. Ma-  
guire, C. F. Hart, Otto W. Rose, Mrs.  
Wahlia, H. Akona, wife and three chil-  
dren, C. H. Dickey, R. C. L. Perkins,  
W. Berlowitz, H. Smith and wife, the  
Misses Haalepo (2), and 53 deck passen-  
gers.

From San Francisco, per bk R. P.  
Rithet, June 2.—Bill Norton, Tom Bar-  
nard and Mr. Lewis.  
From Kauai ports, per Stmr. Mi-  
kahala, June 4.—Miss J. A. Smith, Dr. J.  
K. Smith, J. K. Farley, Rev. J. M. Lyd-  
gate, George Angus, and two on deck.  
From San Francisco, per R. M. S. S.  
Monowai, June 4.—W. O. Alken and  
wife, Miss Kerr, Master Kerr, F. V.  
Klaeden, R. Cowes, R. H. Collier, E. R.  
Banning, E. C. Waterhouse, R. G.  
Moore, J. G. Walbel, S. M. Dodge, F. M.  
Husted, Thos. J. Birch, Miss E. M.  
Richardson, Dr. H. Meister, Dr. R.  
Peschorr.

Departures.  
For Maui and Hawaii, per Stmr. W.  
G. Hall, June 2.—Volcano: Edgar Dur-  
nam and Mrs. A. M. Thomas. Way  
ports: Mrs. Graham, Bishop of Pao-  
pali, Mrs. Espinala, Mrs. A. K. Hoop-  
ill, F. D. Beckerton, Mr. Singlehurst,  
Mrs. Joe Melnecke, A. Fernandes and  
child, J. Makainai, Mrs. Bryant, Chang  
Kim, and 5 on deck.  
For Maui, per Stmr. Claudine,  
June 2.—A. M. Sproull, W. F. Thrum,  
J. Bicknell, T. Jackson, H. Vierra,  
Chas. Overshiner, W. L. Kaholokahiki,  
J. F. Baker, P. McLain, W. C. Sproull,  
J. A. Aheong, A. L. Patterson, W. A.  
Kinney, E. P. Dole, J. K. Kahookano,  
Mrs. K. Kamio, Mrs. Kontakano, S.  
Decker, E. Kubey, G. W. Smith and L.  
A. Thurston.  
For San Francisco, per Stmr. Aus-  
tralia, June 3.—John Bergstrom, Miss  
B. Weight, Miss K. Vida, E. C. Gray-  
ton, O. K. Lewis, A. Gartenberg, O. G.  
Traphagen, W. R. Castle, Jr., Mrs. J.  
R. Wilson, Father Emmeran, P. Neu-  
mann, Jr., A. Young, Mrs. Young, S.  
Miner, Mrs. H. Focke, Miss J. Miner,  
Miss M. Hoffman, Mrs. Kibbourne, W.  
M. Giffard, P. H. Duryea, P. C. Jones,  
wife and daughter, F. M. Crane, C. W.  
Shryock, Dr. Yet Set Sun.

### MARRIED.

DU ROI—CAROLL.—In this city, on  
the evening of June 3d, 1896, Miss Mar-  
garet Carroll of New York to Carl Du  
Roi of Honolulu.

### WANTED.

YOUNG man with good business  
knowledge, experienced in book-  
keeping and island store-keeping, de-  
sires situation. Address "P. P." this  
office. 4321-3t

### Typewriting and Copying.

MISS M. F. LEDERER,  
Office—Hawainian Abstract and Title Co.,  
Corner Fort and Merchant streets.  
4211-1u

## WHARF AND WAVE.

The Hawaiian ship Roderick Dhu  
sailed from San Francisco for Hilo on  
May 23d.

The U. S. S. Adams, Watson com-  
mander, will sail for Lahaina at day-  
light today, to be gone for about ten  
days. Target practice is the object.  
The R. M. S. S. Monowai, Carey, com-  
mander, arrived in port and hauled  
alongside the Pacific Mail wharf at 9:45  
o'clock last night, a little over seven  
days from San Francisco. Fine weather  
was experienced throughout the voy-  
age.

The bark C. D. Bryant, from Honolu-  
lu, had a merry race with the pilot  
boats, says the San Francisco Call of  
May 25. She ran away from the Gracie  
S., but was overtaken by the America.

The following vessels have arrived in  
San Francisco from ports on the Ha-  
waiian Islands: May 24, bk C. D. Bry-  
ant, Lee, 15 days from Honolulu; Ha-  
waiian bk Leahli, Johnson, 22 days  
from Kahului, and schr W. F. Jewett,  
Johnson, 14 days from Kahului.

### METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

By the Government Survey. Published  
Every Monday.

DAY	BAROM.	WIND.	TEMP.	REL. HUM.	WIND.	TEMP.	REL. HUM.
May 23	30.10	30.10	72	81.0	0.00	63	4 NNE
Sun. 24	30.10	30.10	70	81.0	0.03	70	2-6 SE
Mon. 25	30.10	30.10	71	82.0	0.00	66	3 SE
Tues. 26	30.10	30.10	71	81.0	0.01	66	3 SE
Wed. 27	30.10	30.10	71	82.0	0.00	66	3 SE
Thurs. 28	30.10	30.10	71	81.0	0.01	66	3 SE
Frid. 29	30.10	30.10	71	81.0	0.01	66	3 SE
Sat. 30	30.10	30.10	71	81.0	0.01	66	3 SE

Barometer corrected for temperature and ele-  
vation, but not for gravity.

### TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

DAY	High Tide	Low Tide	Sun Rises	Sun Sets
Mon. 23	1:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	5:18	6:38
Tues. 24	1:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	5:17	6:38
Wed. 25	1:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	5:17	6:39
Thurs. 26	1:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	5:17	6:39
Frid. 27	1:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	5:17	6:39
Sat. 28	1:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	5:17	6:39
Sun. 29	1:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.	5:17	6:39

Last Quarter of moon June 2, at 11:33 p.m.  
The tides and moon phase are given in Stand-  
ard Time. The time of sun and moon rising  
and setting being given for all ports in the  
group are in Local Time, to which the respec-  
tive corrections to Standard Time applicable to  
each different port should be made.

The Standard Time whistle sounds at 12h.  
0m. 0s (midnight) Greenwich Time, which is  
1h 30m p.m. of Hawaiian Standard Time.

### ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B41 PILLS

IS warranted to cure all discharges from  
the Primary Organs, in either sex  
(acquired or constitutional), Gravel,  
and all the Back. Guaranteed free from  
Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all  
Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors  
throughout the World. Proprietors THE  
LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG CO.,  
LINCOLN, ENGLAND. 1709

### TIME TABLE

Wilder's Steamship Company  
— 1896 —

### S. S. Kinau,

CLARKE, Commander.

Will leave Honolulu at 10 o'clock a. m.,  
touching at Lahaina, Maalea Bay and  
Makana the same day; Mahukona, Ka-  
wahae and Laupahoehoe the following  
day, arriving in Hilo the same after-  
noon.

### LEAVES HONOLULU.

Friday . . . . . June 5  
\*Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on trips  
marked.  
Returning, will leave Hilo at 8  
o'clock a. m., touching at Lapahoehoe,  
Mahukona and Kawahae the same day;  
Makana, Maalea Bay and Lahaina the  
following day, arriving at Honolulu the  
afternoons of Tuesdays and Fridays.

### ARRIVES AT HONOLULU.

Tuesday . . . . . June 2  
Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on the  
second trip of each month, arriving  
there on the morning of the day of sail-  
ing from Hilo to Honolulu.

The popular route to the volcano is  
via Hilo. A good carriage road the en-  
tire distance.  
Round-trip Tickets, covering all ex-  
penses, \$50.

### S. S. Claudine,

CAMERON, Commander.

Will leave Honolulu Tuesdays at 5  
o'clock p. m., touching at Kahului, Ha-  
ina, Hamoa and Kipahulu, Maui. Re-  
turning, arrives at Honolulu Sunday  
mornings.

Will call at Nuu, Kaupo, once each  
month.  
No freight will be received after 4 p.  
m. on day of sailing.  
This company reserves the right to  
make changes in the time of departure  
and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT  
NOTICE, and it will not be responsible  
for any consequences arising therefrom.  
Consignees must be at the landings to  
receive their freight. This company  
will not hold itself responsible for  
freight after it has been landed.  
Live stock received only at owner's  
risk.  
This company will not be responsi-  
ble for money or valuables of passen-  
gers unless placed in the care of purs-  
ers.  
Passengers are requested to purchase  
tickets before embarking. Those fail-  
ing to do so will be subject to an addi-  
tional charge of twenty-five per cent.  
C. L. WIGHT, President.  
S. B. ROSE, Secretary.  
Capt. J. A. King, Port Superintendent.  
Honolulu, H. I., Jan. 1, 1896.

## THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE  
First Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands.—In  
Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of HENRY  
REED HOLLISTER, late of Honolulu,  
deceased.  
The will and testament of Henry  
Reed Hollister, deceased, having been  
presented to said Court, together with a  
petition for the probate thereof, and for  
the issuance of letters testamentary to  
the said testator's executor, to-wit: Ad-  
elaide Parmelee having been heard,  
notice is hereby given that MON-  
DAY, June 2d, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a.  
m. in the Court House at Honolulu,  
is appointed the time and place for pro-  
ceedings in said will and testamentary  
application, and where any persons inter-  
ested may appear and show cause, if any  
they have, why the prayer of said petition  
should not be granted.  
By the Court.  
1762-3ta

THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST  
IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE  
First Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands.—In  
Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of ALICE F.  
HITCHCOCK, late of Honolulu, Oahu,  
deceased.  
The petition and accounts of the executor  
of the will of said deceased, wherein he  
asks that his accounts be examined and  
approved, and that he be and he is made  
of distribution of the property therein  
in his hands to the persons thereto entit-  
led, and discharging him from all further re-  
sponsibility as such executor.  
IT IS ORDERED that FRIDAY, the  
26th day of June, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock  
a. m. at Chambers, in the Court House,  
at Honolulu, be and the same hereby is  
appointed the time and place for hear-  
ing said petition and accounts, and that all  
persons interested may then and there  
appear and show cause, if any they have,  
why the same should not be granted.  
Honolulu, May 19, 1896.  
By the Court.  
1761-3tw

THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE  
First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.—LILIA  
KEWAMAHU vs. DAVID KEWAMA-  
HU. The Republic of Hawaii.—To  
the Marshal of the Hawaiian Islands or his  
Deputy, greeting:  
You are commanded to summon David  
Kewamahu, residing in Yokohama, Japan,  
defendant, in case he shall file written  
answer within twenty days after service here-  
of, to be and appear before the said Cir-  
cuit Court at the May Term thereof, to be  
held at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on  
MONDAY, the 4th day of May next, at 10  
o'clock a. m., to show cause why the claim  
of Lilia Kewamahu, plaintiff, should not  
be awarded to her pursuant to the tenor of  
her annexed petition, and have you then  
therein this writ with full return of your  
proceedings thereon.  
Witness, Hon. Alfred W. Carter, First  
Judge of the Circuit Court of the  
Hawaiian Islands, this 13th day of  
April, 1896.  
HENRY SMITH, Clerk.

I certify the foregoing to be a true copy  
of the original summons in said cause, and  
that said Court ordered publication of the  
same and continuance of said cause until  
the next August Term of this Court.  
HENRY SMITH,  
Clerk Judiciary Department.  
Honolulu, May 13, 1896. 1759-6tw

THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE  
First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.—JAMES  
L. NEWTON and GEORGE H. NEWTON,  
Plaintiffs, vs. FRANK C. BLAIR et al.,  
Defendants. Action for Quietening of Title  
in Real Property situate in the Hawaiian  
Islands.  
THE REPUBLIC OF HAWAII.—To  
the Marshal of the Hawaiian Islands or his  
Deputy, greeting:  
You are hereby commanded to  
summon Frank C. Blair, grandson of  
Mary Emmons, deceased, and Florence S.  
Blair, his wife; George B. Blair, grandson  
of Mary Emmons, deceased, and Emily E.  
Blair, his wife; William G. Blair, grand-  
son of Mary Emmons, deceased, and  
Hattie V. Blair, his wife; Henrietta Blair,  
daughter of Mary Emmons, deceased;  
Susan H. Stearns, granddaughter of Mary  
Emmons, deceased, and E. H. Stearns, her  
husband; Elizabeth R. Mosmer, grand-  
daughter of Mary Emmons, deceased;  
Susan M. Hubbard, granddaughter of Mary  
Emmons, deceased, and E. Hubbard, her  
husband; Florence L. Matterson, grand-  
daughter of Mary Emmons, deceased, and  
J. J. Matterson, her husband; Jane Case,  
daughter of Mary Emmons, deceased, and  
J. N. Case, her husband; Mary C. Martell,  
daughter of Mary Emmons, deceased;  
Henry Spring, grandson of Thomas L.  
Newton, deceased, and Sybil Spring, his  
wife; Angeline L. Vincent, granddaughter  
of Thomas L. Newton, deceased, and W.  
E. Vincent, her husband; A. Aline Under-  
wood, granddaughter of Thomas L. New-  
ton, deceased, and C. B. Underwood, her  
husband; — Davis, husband of Frances  
Davis, a granddaughter of Thomas L.  
Newton, deceased, and Ida Weaver,  
a great-granddaughter of Thomas L. New-  
ton, deceased, and — Weaver, her hus-  
band; Helen Giffard, a granddaughter of  
Thomas L. Newton, deceased, and E. M.  
Giffard, her husband; George W. Forbes,  
son of Lydia F. Forbes, deceased, and  
Juliette Forbes, his wife; R. Melancthon  
Forbes, son of Lydia F. Forbes, deceased,  
and Maggie Forbes, his wife; James For-  
bes, son of Lydia F. Forbes, deceased, and  
Ellen Forbes, his wife; Emory Forbes, son  
of Lydia F. Forbes, deceased; — New-  
man, husband of Lydia Newton, deceased,  
a daughter of Lydia F. Forbes, deceased;  
Frank Newton, grandson of John Newton,  
deceased, and Frances Newton, his wife;  
Isabel Newton, granddaughter of John  
Newton, deceased, and Mary Newton, his  
wife; Albert Newton, grandson of John New-  
ton, deceased, and Ella Newton, his wife;  
Merritt Newton, grandson of John Newton,  
deceased, and Sadie Newton, his wife; George  
Newton, grandson of John Newton, deceased;  
— Doubleday, husband of Anna M. Doubleday,  
a granddaughter of John Newton, deceased;  
William A. Doubleday, a great-grandson  
of John Newton, deceased; — Jackson, hus-  
band of — Jackson, a great-granddaughter  
of John Newton, deceased; Richard  
Eugene Jackson, a great-grandson of  
John Newton, deceased; Frances Mary  
Harris, a daughter of John Newton, de-  
ceased, and A. Harris, her husband; John  
H. Newton, a son of John Newton, de-  
ceased; Elizabeth Crandall, daughter of  
John Newton, deceased, and I. Crandall,  
her husband; Lydia Jane Harris, daughter  
of John Newton, deceased; William P.  
Newton, son of John Newton, deceased,  
and Emily Newton, his wife. Defendants,  
in case they shall file written answer within  
twenty days after service hereof, to be  
and appear before the said Circuit Court at  
the AUGUST TERM, thereof, to be held at  
Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Hawaiian  
Islands, on MONDAY, the third day of  
August next, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show  
cause why the claim of James L. Newton  
and George H. Newton, plaintiffs, should  
not be awarded to them pursuant to the  
tenor of their annexed petition. And have  
you then this writ with full return of  
your proceedings thereon.  
Witness, Hon. Alfred W. Carter, First  
Judge of the Circuit Court of the  
Hawaiian Islands, this fourth day of  
April, 1896. HENRY SMITH, Clerk.

I certify the foregoing to be a true copy  
of the original summons in said cause, and  
that said Court ordered publication of the  
same and continuance of said cause until  
the next August Term of this Court.  
HENRY SMITH,  
Clerk Judiciary Department.  
Honolulu, May 13, 1896. 1759-6tw

THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE  
First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.—In Probate.  
In the matter of the Estate of ALICE N.  
SMITH of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased, in-  
testate.  
The petition of G. Washington Smith,  
husband of the deceased having been filed,  
alleging that said deceased died on May  
22d, 1896 leaving property necessary for  
administration, and praying that he be  
appointed administrator of said estate.  
It is hereby ordered that FRIDAY,  
June 26, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said  
day, at Honolulu, in the Court House, in  
said Honolulu, be and is appointed the time  
and place for hearing said application, and  
all persons concerned may appear and show  
cause why said petition should not be  
granted.  
Honolulu, May 25, 1896.  
By the Court.  
1762-3ta

THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST CIR-  
CUIT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.—In Probate.  
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